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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
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The Morning Star.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Friends of THE MORNING STAR will do us a favor by informing us of any failure on the part of newsdealers, or newsboys on railroad trains, to meet the public demand for copies of this paper.

OUTLINES.

Spain's reply to the peace conditions named by the United States is not expected before next Monday. —— Bradstreet's report improvement in trade. —— Shafter's troops are leaving Santiago for the north. —— The trouble in the Sixth Massachusetts regiment at Porto Rico is to be investigated. —— The Spanish commander, at San Juan is preparing for a vigorous defence; the Americans have taken peaceful possession of the eastern portion of Porto Rico. —— Tug Nimrod, a dredge and two scows lost in the Gulf storm Tuesday night; twelve men drowned. —— The Spanish admiral Cervera, visited by permission yesterday his fellow officers, sick and wounded prisoners in the naval hospital at Norfolk, Va. —— Hundreds of people on the coast of Newfoundland are reported dying of starvation. —— New York markets: Money on call steady at 1½@1½ per cent., last loan being at 1½ per cent.; cotton quiet—middling uplands 6 1-16c; flour dull but not quotably lower; wheat—spot strong; No. 2 red 77½c; corn—spot strong; No. 2 30½c; rosin quiet; spirits turpentine quiet at 28@28½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 5.

Temperature: 8 A.M., 76 deg.; 8 P.M., 75 deg.; maximum, 90 deg.; minimum, 75 deg.; mean, 82 deg.

Rainfall for the day, 16; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 0.64 inches.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 5.2 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ended at 8 A. M. yesterday:

Moderate to heavy showers have occurred in nearly all directions. Partly cloudy weather prevails this morning. The temperature changes have been slight. The following heavy precipitations (in inches) were reported: Waycross, Ga., 2.10; Pineapple, Ala., 1.60; Yazoo City, Miss., 1.70; Montgomery, Ala., 1.08.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

An irregular area of high pressure covers the Ohio valley and along the middle and South Atlantic coasts, with a slight depression in the interior of North and South Carolina and Georgia. The barometer is lowest in the central Rocky Mountain region. Heavy showers, mostly thunderstorms, have occurred during the day in the Gulf States, eastern North Carolina, the New England States and in the upper Mississippi valley. Light showers are reported in Georgia and South Carolina. Cloudy weather continues to-night in the South Atlantic and Gulf States and in the extreme northern sections; elsewhere clear weather prevails. It is slightly cooler than on last evening in the Atlantic coast States and much cooler throughout the Northwest.

The following heavy precipitation, in inches during the past 12 hours was reported: New Orleans, La., 2.06; Porto Eads, La., 1.08; St. Paul, Minn., 1.46.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Generally fair preceded by showers on the immediate coast; variable winds.

Port Almanac—Aug. 6,

Sun Rises	5.11 A. M.
Sun Sets	7.01 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 50 M.
High Water at Southport	10.54 A. M.
High Water, Wilmington	1.24 A. M.

A contempory asks "What will Spain do?" Why, crawfish, of course. That's all she can do.

A contemporary announces that "Spain is shooting the rapids of anarchy." The current impression was that Spain couldn't shoot anything.

The life of a policeman in Atlanta is a good deal more risky than life on an American warship battle. Three policemen have been shot there within a year.

A New York man suggests that the way to settle the Philippine question would be to give Aguinaldo "a gold whistle and plenty of Kasridges" and let him fight it out with the Spaniards.

Mr. James R. Randall evidently has no partiality for mosquitoes. He says they are a "drawback to the South." But the festive mosquito doesn't mind remarks like that, but goes on and attends to business as if nothing had been said.

The Washington *Post* paragraphist remarks that if the Bottlers' Association would do the handsome thing by Commodore Schley it ought to elect him to an honorary membership. And while about it they might elect Hobson an honorary Corker.

A Terre Haute, Ind., dispatch says that during the unpleasantness between the States Gen. Shafter was made a prisoner by Gen. Wheeler, and spent some time in Libby prison. But Gen. Shafter wasn't as big a man then as he is now by a couple of hundred pounds or so.

We think the Charlotte *Observer* is mistaken in its statement that in the November election six ballot-boxes will be required for each precinct. We have examined the election law several times, and we find provision for only three ballot-boxes. Candidates for Superior Court Judges and for Congress go on one ballot, legislative and county officers on one ballot, and candidates for magistrate and township constable on one ballot. But whether it be the *Observer* or the STAR that is in error, it is important that the question be settled.

Old man Li Hung Chang is in the swim again and has his wardrobe stocked with the full complement of yellow jackets and peacock feathers. He and the Empress dowager, who has given the Emperor a vacation, are running the government shebang. It is hard to run down a Li.

The Alcalde of Yuaco, Porto Rico, didn't propose to be left, when he headed his proclamation "Yuaco, Porto Rico, United States of America." He knows where he "is at."

They are talking of sending immunes to Santiago. The way the yellow fever is going through our army there the chances are that the boys will all become immunes.

Forty cigarettes a day killled Anton Rundberg, of New York. Quite natural, as Anton was not provided with an asbestos-lined smoking apparatus.

Mr. Randall says there is no such thing as malaria in the South. It isn't mal-aria at all but the bad water imbibed which gives the air a bad name.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. L. Gore—Bagging and ties.
S. W. Sanders—Advertising scheme.
W. B. Cooper—Paregoric. quinine.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Gov. Russell arrived in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Junius Davis returned to the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. K. Morrisay, of Clinton, was here yesterday.

— Mr. W. W. Miller, of Rocky Point, was here yesterday.

— Mr. A. B. Croom, of Maxton, spent last night in the city.

— Mr. S. J. Lowe, of Charlotte, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. M. M. Marks, of Newbern, was registered at The Orton yesterday.

—Mrs. T. D. Meaers and children left yesterday for Cleveland Springs.

— Mr. E. A. Smith, of Charlotte, spent several hours in the city yesterday.

— Sergeant Arthur Sikes, of the Baptist Boys' Brigade, came up yesterday on a short furlough.

— Mrs. E. R. Daggett returned yesterday from Baltimore, accompanied by her niece, Mrs. Joynes.

— Mr. W. H. Chadbourn, Jr., of the U. S. engineers, returned yesterday from a visit to Morehead City.

—Mr. J. D. Barrier, editor of the Concord (N. C.) *Standard*, was a visitor at the STAR office last evening.

— Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Powers, Miss Mabel Powers and Mr. Ray Powers left yesterday morning for Danville, New York.

— Miss Mary Williford, of Rocky Mount, who has been visiting Miss VanDyke, on Wrightsville beach, returned home yesterday.

—Misses Carlotta Love and Maggie Stedman of Elizabethtown, and Mrs. Laura Bright, of Greensboro, were visitors to the city yesterday,

— Mrs. Fannie Swindle and granddaughter, Miss Fannie Hall, of Rocky Point, who have been in the city the past several weeks, the guests of Mrs. Sarah J. McGowan, left for their home yesterday.

— Miss Alma Tise, of Winston-Salem, who has been in the city the past several weeks the guest of her cousin, Miss Mary Hall, left yesterday for her home much to the regret of her many friends here.

—Mr. J. L. Southall, A. C. L. agent at Magnolia, made the STAR office a pleasant call yesterday. He was in the city to meet his wife and children who came down last evening after two months pleasantly spent at Mount. Airy.

Assault and Battery.

Mr. Harry L. Steele, a well known street car employe, was before Justice G. W. Bornemann yesterday of his own free will and accord. He submitted to the charge of assault and battery, and after the evidence had been heard was released upon the payment of costs. The evidence showed that Luther Williams, a colored man cursed and abused Mr. Steele near the corner of Front and Red Cross streets, and used such language that the street car man felt justified in punishing him on the spot, which he proceeded to do by knocking him down.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure promp and regular delivery.

FIVE CASES AGAINST HIM.

Jeddie Gardener Will Be Required to Answer Additional Charges for Larceny and House-Breaking.

Jeddie Gardener, the negro youth now in jail for breaking into the residence of Mr. J. H. Watters, is evidently in a hard row for stumps. He is to be brought before Justice R. H. Bunting to-day to answer charges made against him in four and possibly five cases in addition to the one for which he is now imprisoned. One warrant is for breaking into the residence of Capt. R. B. Clowe about two weeks ago, another is for stealing a rocking chair from Mr. Powell's porch, still another for the theft of an umbrella from a colored man by the name of King, who works at the city market. The fourth charge is for stealing two cloaks from the Misses Mott, at Johnson & Fore's, about six months ago. What will probably develop into the fifth case is a lady's handsome cashmere dress skirt which Deputy Sheriff Pat Flynn found in a rendezvous of Gardener and his accomplices and which evidence shows was stolen by Gardener. He declines to make any statement about the matter, but Mr. Flynn thinks that he has clearly discovered the owner. In the mean time if any one has lost such a garment it might be well for them to call at Justice Bunting's office and identify the skirt.

CROWDS OF EXCURSIONISTS.

Visitors from Bennettsville and Concord in the City.

The city was well filled with excursionists yesterday. The first to arrive came from Bennettsville via the Coast Line, and was managed by Mr. James T. Carroll, of that place. There were nearly three hundred passengers, of whom the greater part were colored. The cars did not go through to Wrightsville Beach, although many of the excursionists went down on the Seacoast road, while others went to Carolina Beach on the *Wilmington*. The excursion left last night at nine o'clock.

The excursion from Concord arrived yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock also by the Coast Line. There were six cars and about three hundred people. They left their homes yesterday morning at 5.30 o'clock and came by way of Salisbury, Greensboro and Goldsboro. The cars went from here through to Wrightsville Beach, returning late in the afternoon. To-day the steamer *Wilmington* will go to sea and the visitors will avail themselves of the opportunity to take a look at the Atlantic ocean. The excursion is managed by Mr. W. R. Odell, of Concord. It will leave for home to-night at six o'clock.

Tobacco at Clarkton.

The STAR learns from one of its friends at Clarkton that tobacco in that section has proven a splendid success. A number of the leading farmers have raised tobacco on a small scale and have found the soil well adapted to the growth of fine leaf. About 105 acres were planted this year and the best grades will bring at least forty cents a pound. The largest portion of land cultivated will make one hundred dollars per acre, which is an excellent yield, especially for the first year. Mr. S. Singletary, S. P. Shadwick, Ira Lonnon, E. Harrelson, M. K. Smith, D. W. Meares, Samuel Owens and J. K. Brown are the farmers who have grown most of the weed. A large warehouse and prize-house will be built at Clarkton this fall and by next season a first-class market will be opened there. Mr. O. L. Clark is the leader in this enterprise, which is a sufficient guarantee of success.

Wrightsville Beach.

Several families have moved up from Wrightsville beach in the last day or so and gone to the mountains. In almost every case, however, there was another occupant in sight. Mrs. T. S. Kenan, of Raleigh, and Miss Sallie Kenan, of Kenansville, who have been staying at Capt. W. R. Kenan's cottage, left for their homes. Mrs. Elizabeth Peck will occupy this cottage for the remainder of the season.

Mr. T. M. Emerson's family also left the beach and have gone to some springs in the north to remain until cooler weather.

The cottage of Mr. James H. Chadbourn, Jr., has been vacated, and Mr. H. W. Mallory, of Laurinburg, who with his family have been occupying Mr. P. Pearsall's cottage, will give way to Mr. Pearsall, who is expected to return to-day.

Damaged by Lightning.

Capt. T. Jeff. Smith's house on Dock between 6th and 7th streets, was struck by lightning about one o'clock yesterday. Mrs. Smith was knocked down, two holes were made in the roof, some of the weather boarding was torn off and the chimney damaged.

An old oak at the corner of Sixth and Bladen streets was also struck by lightning yesterday afternoon. It tore the bark off of a space of five feet long and tore up some of the roots.

No mineral waters in the world is superior to that of Jackson Springs for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia Nervous Prostration or Kidney, Bladder and Stomach troubles. Read advertisement in the STAR.

— The regular, *bona fide* circulation of THE MORNING STAR is much larger than that of any other daily newspaper published in Wilmington.

THE CITY HOSPITAL.

Joint Meeting of the Board of Regents and Board of Managers Last Night.

IMPORTANT ACTION TAKEN.

Report on the Work of the Hospital for the Past Six Months—Twenty-one Charity Patients Treated During the Month of July.

According to previous announcement in the STAR the joint meeting of the Board of Regents and Board of Managers of the City Hospital was held last night in the Commissioner's room at the court house. Dr. Bellamy and Dr. Thomas were present on the part of the Board of Regents, Commissioners J. L. Boatwright and Roger Moore for the county and Alderman D. L. Gore for the city. Dr. Zachery, the resident physician in charge, was also present. Capt. W. P. Oldham was in attendance as clerk.

The joint meeting was merely for the informal discussion of the present system of hospital management and needed reforms. One of the results of the conference is that an effort is to be made at once to fit up a pharmacy at the hospital with a complete supply of medicines, and to employ an orderly and druggist, who shall be in charge and also serve as a day nurse. At this proposed pharmacy it is also intended that all the outside poor prescriptions issued by Dr. McMillan as superintendent of health, shall be filled, it being the opinion of both the Board of Managers and Board of Regents that the plan would be a great saving to the county.

Another change which it is more than probable is that the Marine Hospital plan of receiving bids for supplies will be adopted, with some minor changes. Under this system grocers and others will bid for supplying certain groceries, specifying the brand of goods to be supplied as well as other particulars.

Dr. Zachery submitted to the joint Board a report covering the work of the Hospital during the past six months, showing the number of charity and pay patients, the time they were treated and the amounts received from the pay patients. From this it is ascertained that during July, 21 charity patients were treated, and of that number 14 are still in the Hospital.

The Board of Regents recommends that the Board of Managers renew the present contract with the ladies of The King's Daughter's Hospital Circle for the maintenance of two rooms in the Hospital at $5 per week as heretofore. The matter of buying a schooner load of coal for use at the Hospital the coming Fall and Winter was discussed and it is quite probable that this will be done.

Doctors Thomas and Bellamy withdrew from the meeting about 9.30 o'clock, and the Board of Managers approved and audited bills for July hospital expenses amounting to $401.09. Of this expense $76.65 is covered by receipts from pay patients, the remainder being covered by appropriations of $83.33 on the part of the city and $241.11 on the part on the county.

Mr. J. L. Boatwright presided as chairman of the meeting last night.

WAS A MAN OVERBOARD?

A Man Was Thought to Have Fallen into the Cape Fear River Last Night.

Rather a mysterious occurrence was that at the Market street dock last night about 8.30 o'clock. A negro man was reported to have fallen into the river and drowned. The circumstances of the case were that George Foy, colored, was sitting on the steps of the wharf in an intoxicated condition cleaning fish. Several men were near by, among them John Brown, colored. A splash into the water was heard and a short time thereafter it was noticed that Foy had disappeared and his hat was floating on the water. The matter was reported to policeman Simmons, col., who procured a long pole and felt about in the water in the vicinity of the place where Foy was supposed to have fallen in. No trace of the body was found. It is not believed by those familiar with the circumstances that Foy fell into the river. The impression is that his hat fell in and he went away without it.

However, late last night Foy's sister was down town looking for her brother, and said he had not been home and they were very uneasy about him.

Funeral Yesterday Afternoon.

The funeral of little Roy S. Jones, the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Sol J. Jones, took place yesterday afternoon at 4.30 o'clock from the residence. Numerous friends of the family were present out of sympathy for the bereaved parents. The services were conducted by Rev. F. H. Farrington, the interment being made at Bellevue Cemetery. The pall bearers were Ben White, Frank Kirkham, Will St. Clair, Dave St. Clair, Clarence Hayes, and Bonner Mills. Beautiful floral offerings were placed upon the little boy's grave.

Columbus Democrats.

The Democratic primaries of Columbus county will be held on Saturday, September 10th, and the county convention will be held on Thursday, September 15th. Every white man who intends to vote the Democratic ticket is cordially invited to participate in the primaries.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Eyota Tribe of Red Men adopted a paleface last night.

— Rev. Dr. Morton will preach at the Seaman's Bethel to-morrow.

— The *Wilmington* will not make its 3 o'clock trip to-day, on account of going out to sea with a party of excursionists.

— The game of base ball between the colored Bennettsville team and the Wilmington Black Stockings yesterday resulted in a decided victory in favor of the visiting team.

— The regular, *bona fide* mail circulation of THE MORNING STAR is larger than the mail circulation of all other Wilmington Dailies combined.

— There was a sharp advance in the price of rosin on this market yesterday. The market opened at 92½ and 97½ cents and closed at $1.00 and $1.05.

— The Swedish barque *Hestia*, which has been held at quarantine for ten days arrived up yesterday. She is consigned to Heide & Co., and will be loaded by Paterson, Downing & Co.

— Messrs. T. E. Nixon & Co., had a huge turtle on exhibition at their place, corner of Second and Princess streets. It weighed nearly 300 pounds and attracted the attention of all passers by. It was caught on Topsail Sound by Mr. C. H. Alexander.

— Mrs. Charlotte Wyatt, of Faith P. O., Rowan county, wishes an orphan girl to live with her as one of the family, in which there are no children. The STAR hopes this announcement may secure a good home for some orphan girl.

— Rev. F. H. Martin, of Salem, Va., is expected to arrive here to-day and will preach at the First Baptist Church to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8.15 P. M. While in the city Rev. Mr. Martin will be the guest of Dr. Baldwin on North Fourth street.

— William Walker, the negro charged with assaulting his wife with a beef bone, was brought before Justice R. H. Bunting yesterday and bound over to court on the charge of assault with a deadly weapon. In default of a bond he was committed to jail.

— In Justice Fowler's Court yesterday Leon George was tried on the charge of assault with a deadly weapon. The case was transferred from Justice Bunting's Court. 'Squire Fowler held that the prosecution was frivolous and dismissed the case at the cost of the prosecutor.

— The trolley wire broke yesterday afternoon on Castle street and the cars were delayed for about twenty minutes. The motormen didn't know what was to pay at first but the thoughtful management telephoned to such as could be reached and informed them of the difficulty.

— A party of people will go down to Carolina Beach to-morrow morning on the steamer *Wilmington* to see the Baptist Boy's Brigade, now encamped on the beach. Mr. George E. Leftwich, the president of the company, to whom the boys are greatly attached will go and he tells the STAR that there will be a good many others.

NEWBERN'S TOBACCO TRADE.

Season Formally Opened—Two Fine Warehouses—Increase in Business.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

NEWBERN, N. C., August 5.—The tobacco season is now formally opened. There are two fine tobacco houses here this year. Opening sales, fifteen thousand pounds at prices to rejoice the farmers. Receipts will increase, as farmers are now busy at home. The tobacco interest shows an immense increase over last year in this vicinity and development continues.

Before Mayor Pro Tem. Hewlett.

Yesterday a sentence of $10 fine and costs or 22 days hard labor on the streets was pronounced by Mayor pro tem. Hewlett against Sip Ashe, colored, whose arrest for drunkenness and disorderly conduct was noted in yesterday's STAR. The only other case on yesterday's docket was against Grer Robeson, colored, charging him with keeping an unlicensed dog on his premises. A fine of $5 and costs was entered against him. It is of interest to note that the principal witness against Robeson was John Rodrick, colored, who was himself fined $5 and costs recently for a similar offence, and in his case Robeson was the principal witness.

Convention Called.

Mr. F. M. Simmons, State Chairman, has issued the official call for the convention to nominate a Democratic candidate for judge of the Eastern Criminal Circuit, to be held at Fayetteville, on Wednesday, September 7, 1898. The convention will be called to order by H. McD. Robinson, Esq., there being no committee in the district. The counties comprising the district are New Hanover, Warren, Nash, Cumberland, Craven, Halifax, Wilson, Mecklenburg and Robeson. The present incumbent is Judge Thos. H. Sutton, of Fayetteville, Republican.

Board of Aldermen.

Mayor S. P. Wright, who has been in Detroit, Mich., attending a national convention of mayors and aldermen, is expected home to-night or in the morning. The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Aldermen which was not held last Monday on account of the absence of the Mayor and other members will, according to present plans, be held Monday afternoon at four o'clock.

DELIGHTFUL RECEPTION.

Party of Young People Pleasantly Entertained at the Residence of Mr. W. H. Alderman.

A party of young people spent a delightful evening last night at the residence of Mr. W. H. Alderman, 517 Dock street. The occasion was a reception given by Miss Linnie Alderman, Mr. Alderman's pretty and fascinating daughter, to her friend, Miss Mary Herring, an accomplished young lady of Clinton.

None of the pleasures which mark such occasions was lacking last night. Music, vocal and instrumental, by some young ladies of unquestioned talent was a source of great pleasure. There were excellent opportunities too for *tete-a-tete* conversations and they were abundantly utilized.

Mr. Dozier Latta entertained with some hypnotic experiments and at the proper time delicious refreshments were served. Everybody was enthusiastic in their thanks for the pleasures of the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Flanner, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Alderman, Miss Annie Taylor, Miss Ethel Barnes and Miss Eva Anderson, of Wilson, assisted in receiving the guests. The others present were: Misses Lena Rodes, of Charlottesville, Va.; Beulah Howerton, Durham; Virgilia Riddick, of Gatesville; Maggie Walton, of Gatesville; Mattie Dempsey, of Portsmouth; Rosa Rigsbee, of Durham; Belle Gore, Bessie Burt, Annie Jones, Carrie Flanner; Messrs. B. O Stone, L. R. Rodgers, J. D. Woodroe, Jas. H. Taylor, Jr., W. R. Taylor, George Harrell, Dozier Latta, Charlie Rodes, R. W. Haywood, Alex. McGachy, Jno. L. Barnes, Charlie Ferguson and Mr. Caldwell.

CAROLINA AND ATLANTIC HOPS.

Many Visiting and Wilmington Ladies and Gentlemen Throng Both Club Houses.

Last night Ocean View beach was especially gay. The two fashionable club houses, Carolina and Atlantic, were scenes of delightful hops, which were graced by many charming visiting and Wilmington ladies and gallant clubmen. Both the 5.15 and 7.15 o'clock Seacoast trains carried down large numbers of ladies and gentlemen, whose destination was one or the other of the club houses. Excellent music had been provided for both hops and it is safe to say that no evening of the season on the beach has been more thoroughly gay. Dancing continued with little intermission from early in the evening until 11 o'clock, when the train left the beach for the city.

The visiting ladies in attendance upon the hops were Miss Settle, of Greensboro; Miss Latta, of Raleigh; Miss Grimes, of Grimesland; Miss Clarke and Mrs. Inman, of Augusta, Ga. During the evening both club houses as well as the hotels were serenaded by the Spartanburg colored band, which made delightful music and were enthusiastically complimented.

The gaities of the week will close to-night with a hop at Seashore Hotel.

CONFEDERATE VETERANS.

Reunion of Bentonville Camp Held at Benson, N. C.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

DUNN, N. C., August 3.

Bentonville Camp Confederate Veterans held their annual reunion at Benson, N. C., to-day. The largest crowd ever seen in that town met to see the old soldiers on parade. Judge Walter Clark, of the Supreme Court, made the address, and ex-Sheriff Powell, of Johnston county, was in command of the camp. There were about two hundred in line, and about a hundred visiting veterans from Harnett and Sampson counties.

The best of feeling prevailed, and it was a grand occasion. Johnston county never makes a failure; her sons are the truest and one of the grandest set of men in the State; they gave the old Confederates a big feast and a good time.

The camp meets next year in Selma, N. C.

Plans for New Buildings.

Architect H. E. Bonitz has made plans for several new buildings recently. One is a two-story house for Mrs Latta, on Mulberry street, between Front and Second. Another is on Ann, between Third and Fourth streets, a two-story dwelling for Mr. W. M. Hankins. Between Mr. Hankins' house and that of Mrs. Munds, a two-story house is to be erected for Mr. Bonitz himself. West of Mr. Hankins' lot Mr. W. L. DeRosset will have erected a two-story dwelling.

Mr. Bonitz has also made plans for the remodeling of J. H. Rehder & Co.'s store. One portion of the store is now one story; this will be made two stories high. The front will be of metal, with the name of the firm wrought in gilt letters. Up stairs will be a handsome bay window for display purposes. Work will begin Monday, and when the carpenters and painters have finished Mr. Rehder's store will be a model of architecture and convenience.

Artesian Wells at Wallace.

Seven artesian wells are being bored in and around the town of Wallace—two within the corporate limits and five in the country near. Already three good flows have been found. These wells range in depth from 80 to 160 feet, and afford the very best cold water. In one of these wells between 80 and 100 feet from the surface, the flow is such as to show that there is a lake of water at least twenty feet square. This is exceptionally fine success as many places, find it impossible to get a flow.

BUSINESS LOCALS
IN "THE MORNING STAR"
COST BUT A CENT A WORD.
NO AD. FOR LESS THAN 20c.

HAVE YOU LOST ANYTHING?
HAVE YOU FOUND ANYTHING?
WANT TO SELL A HOUSE?
WANT TO RENT A HOUSE?
NEED A COOK?
WANT A NURSE?
WANT TO BORROW MONEY?
WANT TO LEND MONEY?
WANT A SITUATION?
WANT A BOOKKEEPER?
WANT TO BUY OR SELL A COW OR HORSE?
DO YOU WISH TO SELL A FARM?
DO YOU WISH TO BUY A FARM?
DO YOU WANT A WIFE?

Do You Want Anything?

A Cent a Word is a Mere Trifle for An Advertisement.
The Price is so Low That You Can Afford to Detail Your Needs in Print, and Save Correspondence.

Try "The Morning Star."

Guaranteed Circulation Larger Than That of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

Church Notices.

Rev. B. E. Wallace will preach in St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church Sunday morning at 11.00 o'clock. Also, at night at 8.15.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Services in St. John's Church to-morrow, 9th Sunday after Trinity, by the rector, Rev. Dr. Carmichael. Litany, Sermon and Holy Communion, 11 A. M. Sunday School, 5 P. M.

The regular services at the Seamen's Bethel will be conducted to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock by Rev. Dr. Morton. Seamen and river men are especially invited. All welcome.

Rev. T. N. Ivey, D. D., of Greensboro, N. C., one of the editors of the *N. C. Christian Advocate*, is in the city and will preach at Grace M. E. Church at 11.00 A. M. and 8.15 P. M. on to-morrow.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. Peyton H. Hoge, D. D. Divine service at 11 A. M. and 6 P. M. Communion of the Lord's Supper at the morning service. Prayer meeting on Thursday at 8.15 P. M. Seats free.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets, Rev. F. H. Farrington, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2.30 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Fifth Street M. E. Church, South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunninggim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. Sunday School at 4.00 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

Immanuel Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. C. Morton, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7.15 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Christian Endeavor Society every Wednesday night. Sewing School Tuesday and Saturday at 3.30 to 4.00 p. m.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, corner Fourth and Brunswick streets, Rev. J. W. Kramer, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.00 p. m. Weekly Prayer and Praise meeting Wednesday at 7.30 p. m. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to all services.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. A. P. Tyer, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.15 p. m. Sunday school at 4.30 p. m. Experience meeting at 10 a. m. in the lecture room. Weekly Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8.15 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Bladen Street Methodist E. Church, Southwest corner of Bladen and Fifth streets, Rev. G. D. Langston, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7.30 p. m. The sacrament of the Lord's supper will be administered at the morning services. Sunday School at 9.30 a. m. Class meeting 3 o'clock p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting and lecture Thursday evening at 8.00 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to these services.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Paregoric and Quinine.
115 Dozen Paregoric.
150 Ounces Quinine.
78 Dozen Extract Lemon.
54 Dozen Essence Cinnamon.
48 Dozen Essence Vanilla.
29 Dozen Essence Peppermint.
95 Dozen Castor Oil.
23 Dozen Jamaica Ginger.
15 Dozen Godfrey's Cordial.
18 Dozen Soothing Syrup.
W. B. Cooper,
Wholesale Grocer.
au 6 tf Wilmington, N. C.

The Unlucky Corner.
Come Quick, Before the Deal is Off. It is only
An Advertising Scheme.
10 lbs Best Granulated Sugar.....65c
1 " J. & S. Roasted Laguyra Coffee 25c
1 " W. M. Roasted Java Coffee.....30c
1 " Mixed Tea (Good).....50c
1 doz. North Carolina Roe Herring, 25c
1 lb Clover Hill Butter (Best).....25c
$2.20
All For $1.59.
S. W. SANDERS.
jy 23 tf

Carolina Beach and Southport
STEAMBOAT LINE.
Following Schedule in Effect After Monday, July 25th.
Leave Wilmington, daily except Sunday, for Carolina Beach, 9 and 9.15 A. M.; 3 and 5.15 P. M.
Leave Wilmington every day, 7.30 P. M.; leave Beach, 8.30 P. M.
Leave Beach, 7 A. M.; 1.00 P. M.; 3.45 P. M.; 6.00 P. M.
Leave Wilmington Sunday, 10 A. M.; 2.30 and 7.30 P. M. Leave Beach, 12.30 P. M.; 6 and 8.30 P. M.
9.15 A. M. boat through for Southport—Leaves Southport, 12.00 M.
Fare on 9.15 and 7.30 P. M boats to pier and return, 15 cents.
J. W. Harper.
jy 26 tf

FOR RENT.
One Nicely Furnished Room, suitable for one or two young men, with or without board. Apply to 116 Dock street, or to 11 South Front street. jy 21 tf

SANTIAGO HAS CAPITULATED!
But We Have Not.
We are still holding the fort,
AND HAVE BEATEN ALL COMPETITION
On Hardware, House Furnishing Goods, Agricultural Implements, Mechanic's Tools, and
Everything IN THE Hardware Line,
Wholesale and Retail.
Mail orders given s ecial attention.
J. W. MURCHISON,
The Leading Hardware Dealer.
jy 19 tf

Provisions.
D. S. Ribs,
Plates,
Shoulders,
Hams,
Lards.
We carry large stocks, sell at Rock Bottom Prices and solicit your orders.
We are sole agents for the
Famous Brands Cigars.
Renowns,
Cuban Blossom,
Topical Twist-Heads.
If your jobber can't furnish you, we will.
Vollers & Hashagen,
Wholesale Only.
jy 31 tf Nutt Street, A. C. L. Crossing

WILMINGTON STAMP WORKS.
RECEIVED JUL 29 1898
Wilmington, N. C.
WILMINGTON STAMP WORKS.
ANSWERED AUG 1 1898
Wilmington, N. C.
Band Dating Stamps with Air Cushions
W. S. W.
AUG 1 1898
For Canceling Revenue Stamps with or without Air Cushions.
Rand & McNally's Wall Map, 4x6 feet, only 90c.
WILMINGTON STAMP WORKS,
18 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C.
Bell 'Phone 240. jy 21 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve months, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 6.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS.

Sixth District—John D. Bellamy, of New Hanover.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

First District—Hon. George H. Brown, of Beaufort.
Second District—Hon. Henry R. Bryan, of Craven.
Fifth District—Hon. Thomas J. Shaw, of Guilford.
Sixth District—Hon. Oliver H. Allen, of Lenoir.
Seventh District—Hon. Thomas A. McNeill, of Robeson.
Eleventh District—Hon. W. Alexander Hoke, of Lincoln.

FOR SOLICITOR.

Sixth District — Rodolph Duffy, of Onslow.

OFFICIAL INCOMPETENCY.

The organs of the present administration will soon be—if they are not already—claiming for it the honor of having waged a glorious and comparatively bloodless war. They are already lauding the President for insisting that no lives must be unnecessarily sacrificed, and they are giving him credit for a large amount of wisdom and are pointing to the result as a triumphant vindication of his cool, level-headed policy. We have not the slightest desire to detract from any credit that is due to Mr. McKinley, and he is certainly entitled to the credit of having attended faithfully and zealously to the duties that devolved upon him, but aside from that he is entitled to but little glory, and there are some who had charge of important trust who are not only entitled to no glory but have laid themselves open to the severest censure.

The history of the organization of the army, massing the different quotas supplied by the States and putting those that have gone into active service in the field, is a history of blundering from the very beginning, for which the War Department is responsible. Ninety days after the regiments were mustered in many of them are still in unhealthful camps, where they are liable to be smitten by disease at any time, with many now sick, and others have been moved because the War Department could no longer stand the pressure of public opinion. If there had been the same incompetency in command of our troops in the field and of our ships on the seas, we would now have no victories recorded. They may have had their strategy boards, but as far as anything they did is concerned there isn't a victory that has been won that was not won entirely independent of any strategic plans they may have formed.

They had no more to do with planning Admiral Dewey's operations at Manila than they had with directing the revolution that is now in progress in one of the provinces of China. For weeks they were perplexed as to the whereabouts of Cervera's dreaded fleet, which was reported here one day and there the next, until finally, after two fleets had been some time scouring the seas in search of it, it slipped from them unobserved into the harbor of Santiago, and that was the turning point in Spain's fortunes, for right there she fell. Cervera unconsciously bottled himself and didn't have the assistance of the strategy board to help him.

His going into that harbor to be bottled up turned attention from the objective point, Havana, to Santiago, which became the theatre of action. The destruction of Cervera's fleet which in desperation tried to escape, and the fall of Santiago, clinched the nail in Spain's colonial coffin, and neither of these had been previously planned for or anticipated. They came practically as unforeseen accidents. There is glory in these achievements but it belongs to the men behind our guns on the ships and to the men behind guns on the land, who did it all, and not to the war directors at Washington, who were more remarkable for their vacillating irresolution than for anything else.

If the invading army had had a bold, dashing, skilfully officered foe to contend against Shafter's army might have been destroyed before it reached Santiago, for even without opposition he landed with difficulty, for want of barges which should have been at his command when his troops arrived at the point of disembarkation, and some of his heavy artillery could not be landed until the barges reached him. It was only the iron-nerve men and the indomalible pluck of the men and the officers who led them that enabled them to perform the wonders they did in the face of the appalling obstacles that confronted them. They worked as no army ever worked before, and fought as no army ever fought before, under a tropical sun with little to eat or drink and won a victory that crowns them with imperishable glory, and won in spite of the official incompetence, gross blundering and almost criminal neglect.

This is no partisan talk, for Republican papers are as outspoken as others. The Philadelphia *Press* is a Republican paper whose editor-in-chief is a member of the President's Cabinet. Even it is forced to speak, and speaks thus;

"Investigation into the infantry abuses at Santiago is now inevitable. General Breckinridge's report renders this certain. No staff department can rest under such charges.

The Santiago campaign covered the line with glory. The regiments were were well handled. Both officers and men behaved superbly. Nothing better was ever done anywhere.

But this army of brave men, well led, were fed, moved, and, if sick or wounded, cared for by staff departments, quartermaster, commissary and medical, whose heads are independent of the general in the field, or even of the major general commanding, General Miles. The system is bad. It divides responsibility. It always has broken down under a strain and always will.

"None of the staff departments won credit at Santiago, but, by common report, the quartermaster's department, and next to that the commissary, collapsed utterly. The loading at Tampa was badly done. The unloading at Santiago was worse. Supplies were not moved. Transports left without unloading surgeons' instruments and medicines. Rations were not moved to the front. Regiments went hungry a mile from the depot. In addition it is the quartermaster's department which dealt out white tents, unfit for a hot sun, and uniforms equally unfit.

"Whose fault was it that the quartermaster's department broke down?

This throws the responsibility on the staff departments, but who is responsible for the staff departments?

The Philadelphia *Ledger* is an independent paper. It is not represented in the President's Cabinet and it has no scruples in putting the responsibility where it belongs as it does in the following:

The important victories achieved by our armies during the progress of the war with Spain were achieved not because of superior intelligence, ability or energy of the War Department, but in despite of the lack of all these desirable aids to success. Our victories have been won by the superior intelligence, ability, courage and energy of our soldiers in the face of extraordinary difficulties and hindrances originating in the Department of War.

The history of the war, as it is written in the records of Secretary Alger's department, is one of unparalleled blundering, incompetency and inertness. At Santiago our valorous soldiers wrested victory from the strongly entrenched Spanish forces, and they did it under such unfavorable conditions as to render it doubly impressive and imposing. At Tampa the War Department was guilty of every known or conceivable bludering, beginning with the selection of the site of the camp Again and again the troops were marched up the hill and down again; there were not sufficient trans ports to carry them to Santiago until after the arrival upon the scene of General Miles, whose indignant protests against the delay in furnishing them finally compelled the Secretary of War to provide them. The railroads were congested with supplies which were not made available; the Commissary Department was like a man paralyzed; disorder was the prevailing condition everywhere and in everything. Even after the expedition was finally started from Tampa by the determination of General Miles, the men were kept in the ships in close and stifling quarters for eight dreadful days, during which they suffered intensely and horses died from the effects of the heat. When Santiago was reached there were no facilities providently provided for landing the artillery, or even the ordinary supplies, and our impatient, heroic soldiers were compelled to assail the enemy's works without the aid of the guns, which were lying dumb and cold in the holds of the ships, together with tents, clothing, rations and medicines. They similarly fought the fight, carried the works with their commanding general two or three miles away, stretched in his tent from heat exhaustion. The delay of the War Department in sending not only troops but munitions of war and supplies to Dewey at Manila was even more dilatory and more censurable. Manila could and would have been long ago under the American flag had the most ordinary intelligence and energy directed the operations of the War Department. But the necessary military force is not yet there, according to General Merritt's latest report, and the situation is said to have been reported by him to Washington as critical. He still awaits the necessary number of troops to take Manila, although Dewey demolished the Spanish fleet and took Cavite on May 1, three months ago."

The bungling mismanagement in the beginning of the Santiago campaign has been overshadowed by the shocking treatment of our sick and wounded soldiers, to which the attention of the public was forcibly called by the exposures of the fearful condition of the two transports, the Seneca and the Sancho, which arrived at New York in such a horrid condition as to force an investigation, to which reference is made in the extract above from the *Press*.

If there were any doubt as to the cruel neglect of our soldiers and criminal inaction when the greatest speed should have been made it would be removed by the statements and protests of the officers of the Santiago army, published in the dispatches yesterday.

The men who are responsible for these conditions may claim much, but they will reap no glory from this war.

WHO RUNS IT?

It is not quite certain who runs what there is left of the Populist party in this State—the Republican machine managers or the Populist machine managers—but there are pretty strong indications that it is run indirectly if not directly by the Republican machine managers. In this Congressional district a so-called Populist convention completely ignored Populist candidates and nominated Office Hunter Dockery, who had been previously nominated by a Republican convention.

Is there any doubt as to who ran that convention?

In the Seventh District Shuford was turned down and Caldwell nominated. Why? Shuford was a Populist. For a Populist he made a very fair Representative and stood squarely by his party, but he had given offence to Pritchard, was therefore not acceptable to the Republicans, was turned down, and Caldwell, who had not incurred their dislike, and was supposed to be plastic enough to be manipulated by them when necessary, was nominated.

Is there any doubt as to who ran that convention?

The Republican managers were not in it but they stood behind the screen, pulled the wires and the automatons within danced and squeaked accordingly.

This dancing to the fiddling of the Republicans isn't entirely to the liking of some of the Populist papers, one of which, the Kings Mountain *Reformer*, thus relieves itself:

"We are told that the Republicans would not support Shuford but they will support Caldwell. We are also told that the reason of this is because Mr. Shuford took an active hand in trying to defeat Senator Pritchard. We would like to know what Mr. Caldwell would have done in the matter. If he would have voted for Pritchard, or if he preferred him to any strong bimetallist, then we rise to say Populists are not all going to vote for him.

"If we must hunt up a half hearted bimetallist—a straddler—to catch votes, then excuse us. We will see later on just why the change was made."

Marion Butler has said in his paper, the *Caucasian*, that there must be no fusion with the Republicans, but the Republican machine managers smile at this and pronounce it one of Marion's little bluffs. Machine manager Holton says there will be fusion, and judging from the success of the Republican bosses so far in manipulating the Populist bosses, Holton's say will probably go for more than Butler's.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— This war is going to open new doors to American commerce. The first decade of the new century will surpass in development and accumulation of wealth the last decade in this.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

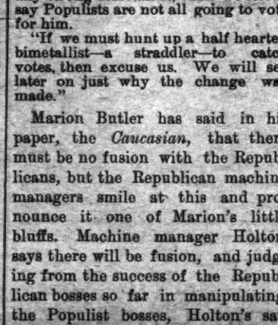
—— Whatever may be done with the Philippines by our Government there is one obligation that we cannot escape. If they are not to become American provinces or an independent Government under an American protectorate, we must choose between forcing the Spaniards and the insurgents alike to accept a basis of government for the people free from the appalling oppression of the past, or we must surrender the islands to Spanish barbarism or to insurgent anarchy.—*Philadelphia Times, Ind.*

——Populism is dead in Alabama. It died a natural death, so that it will not be necessary to hold an inquest. In the election preceding that of last Monday the Populists carried twenty-two counties. They now have feeble holds in about six counties. The Populist of Alabama "shot their big gun" when Kolb was the general in command of them. In five years they will be as extinct as the dodo and the Greenbacker.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

Railroad Engineer

Testifies to Benefits Received From

Dr. Miles' Remedies.



THERE is no more responsible position on earth than that of a railroad engineer. On his steady nerves, clear brain, bright eye and perfect self command, depend the safety of the train and the lives of its passengers. Dr. Miles' Nervine and other remedies are especially adapted to keeping the nerves steady, the brain clear and the mental faculties unimpaired.

Engineer F. W. McCoy, formerly of 1223 Broadway, Council Bluffs, but now residing at 3411 Humboldt St., Denver, writes that he "suffered for years from constipation, causing sick, nervous and bilious headaches and was fully restored to health by 'Dr. Miles' Nerve & Liver Pills. I heartily recommend Dr. Miles' Remedies."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address,

Dr. Miles' Remedies Restore Health

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Headache and *Neuralgia* cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles's PAIN PILL CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose." For sale by all Druggists. Change. ja 26 17 su tu th

MINOR MENTION.

Hon. Thos. B. Reed has not been in accord with his party on the policy of expansion. He was decidly in the minority in his own party, but has some pretty respectable company in Senators Morrill and Hoar, ex-Senator Edmunds, Associate Justice Brewer and others, while he finds himself taking substantially the Democratic position on that question. He was unanimously renominated for Congress a few days ago, and in his speech accepting the nomination thus referred to the new departure:

"The problems after the war will be the most troublesome and will demand the most earnest efforts of us all. For my part I hope that all these problems may be worked out consistently with our time-honored and dearly-bought institutions and with the traditions of our forefathers."

The expansionist, are not giving much heed to "the traditions of our forefathers," who are regarded as old fogies who might have done well enough in their day and generation, but would be misfits in these days of grab, and hold what you grab. It is refreshing, however, to find that there are some Republicans, and conspicuous ones, too, who believe that there is something in the traditions of the forefathers which is entitled to consideration and respect.

***

When the correctness of a man's books is questioned and he refuses to produce his books the reasonable presumption is that there is something wrong with the books, and that there are good grounds for questioning the methods of the man who keeps them. Mr. Mewborne, Superintendent of the State Penitentiary, who succeeded the discredited Smith, has charge of the books showing the management by his predecessor and by himself. Mr. Simmons asked for certain reports showing what dispositon had been made of the property of the people, and other facts in which the people of the State are interested, but instead of responding, as men who are conscious of no wrong doing and not afraid of the light would do, they pretended to be very indignant at the apparent reflection on their honesty and replied with an insulting letter, which evaded an answer, and indulged in a lot of stuff in no way relevant to the questions asked. This was practically an admission of guilt, for if there was nothing to hide they would have welcomed the opportunity to show that by the record they had made. But they squirmed, blustered and dodged, and now there isn't one intelligent person in a hundred who could be persuaded that they didn't have very good cause to dodge. Honest people have very little use for, and very little confidence in the honesty of a trusted agent who is afraid of the light and refuses to produce his books when his employer demands it.

TWINKLINGS.

— Everybody Knows—Mr. Cawker—"But how do you know that it is a secret?" Mrs. Cawker—"How do I know? Why, everybody knows it is a secret."—*Detroit Free Press.*

— "Yes, Ethel, he proposed and I accepted him." "What, Gladys! Without consulting papa and mamma?" "Yes; I am not going to have any Board of Strategy running my affairs."—*Puck.*

— The Doctor—"Queer saying that about truth lying at the bottom of a well." The Lawyer—"You wouldn't think so if you knew the amount of pumping we lawyers have to do to get at it."—*Tit-Bits.*

— His Wife—"How in the world will you ever catch that first morning train?" Her Husband—"Why, I'll get up the moment I wake." His Wife—"But, my dear, you'll have to get up much earlier than that!"—*Puck.*

— Got Off Easily: "When I asked for a raise I told my employer I had grown gray in his service." What did he say?" He said if I had worked anywhere else I probably would have got bald."—*Chicago Record.*

— "Speaking of peace," said the Queen Regent, "let us hesitate before we embark in—" "Alas, your Majesty," interrupted the wise Sagasta, "if we hesitate we surely will have nothing left to embark in."—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

— First Swell (pretending to mistake for a waiter a rival whom he sees standing in dress clothes at the cloak room of the theatre)—"Ah! have you a programme?" Second Swell (up to snuff)—"Thanks, my man; I got one from the other fellow."—*Tit-Bits.*

— Heavy Sales—Eastern Capitalist—"See here. When I bought these corner lots of you you told me you had sold $500,000 worth of real estate in this section in one year. I can't find a customer for a foot of my land. Did you really sell that much in that length of time?" Western Man—"Yes, sir. You see, I was the sheriff."—*New York Weekly.*

An Enterprising Druggist.

There are few men more wide awake and enterprising than R. R. BELLAMY, who spares no pains to secure the best of everything in their line for their many customers. They now have the valuable agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. This is the wonderful remedy that is producing such a furor all over the country by its many startling cures. It absolutely cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all affections of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Call at above drug store and get a trial bottle free, or a regular size for 50 cents and $1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded. †

The Best Remedy for Flux.

Mr. John Mathias, a well known stock dealer of Pulaski, Ky., says: "After suffering for over a week with flux, and my physician having failed to relieve me, I was advised to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, and have the pleasure of stating that the half of one bottle cured me." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Greensboro *Patriot*: A prominent farmer living south of the city told us Saturday that he had never seen corn look better than it does in his community. The crop is very promising. Only one or two more rains are needed to insure an exceptional yield.

Asheboro *Courier*: The largest wheat crop ever raised in this county grew this year, and other crops are as good. The corn crop is exceptionally fine and a good crop is assured of all corn planted early. In New Hope and some other sections the corn crop is not so good, corn having suffered greatly from dry weather.

— Winston *Sentinel*: Farmers say that crows are playing havoc with their watermelon crop. It is sometimes the case that they peck them, but not much harm has been done. This year, however, they are going at them in a business-like way before they are ripe, pecking large numbers of them and ruining them. They seem to be fond of meat and literally scrape it out.

— Weldon *News*: Owing to favorable weather for the past two weeks, all crops have improved wonderfully. Farmers have about gotten out of the grass, and cotton, corn and other growing crops under the favorable conditions are giving promise of abundant returns. The State farm crops were never looking better, and if no freshets come to interfere we may expect a full harvest.

— Dunn *Union*: White supremacy clubs were organized in nearly every township in the county Saturday. Much interest was manifested and a determination to carry the county Democratic this time. —— The largest beet we probably ever saw was shown us by Mr. E. D. Pate of Grove township last Thursday. It weighed 14 pounds when pulled without the top and measured 18 inches in circumference and 31 inches in length.

— Wilson *News*: Yesterday Mr. Renfrow, one of the most prosperous and successful farmers in the county, came to town and reported that he had been robbed by one of the chain gang. It seems as if some of the rogues and thieves of this gang are allowed to go home Saturday nights to spend Sunday upon their giving their word that they will return. This gentlemen of the gang being one of these men of honor spent his leave of absence in breaking into the house of Mr. Renfrow. It's hard to believe that such loose management could possibly be allowed. But we have ceased to be surprised at anything done by our present county government.

A Study of Berlin.

Berlin is almost as discouraging in its other landmarks of its notable Germans as in its public statues. It is almost as bad as New York, where few houses now stand that were in existence when Franklin and Washington were alive. London is rich in buildings associated with great men, and an American can hardly walk from Westminster to St. Paul's without recalling a dozen names of men whose lives are dear to him. Berlin has, however, been almost built anew since 1870. I can remember whole streets that were different when I was a boy. There are, to be sure, a few instances of memorial plates being affixed to houses where notable Germans have lived, but even in these cases the houses themselves are an uninteresting portion of an uninteresting street. The Prussian kings adored uniformity in street architecture, as well as in the dressing of soldiers, and that may be the reason why today the most beautiful streets of Berlin furnish less interest to a stranger than the grimiest alleys of London, with their charming diversity of dirty fronts.

The houses here are all equally high, equally broad, equally gaudy on the outside and equally devoid of individuality within. The Anglo-Saxon owns his house and makes it comfortable for himself and his family. The Prussian lives in an apartment house, along with perhaps a dozen more families, all of them subject to the petty tyranny of a porter whose duties are dangerously near to those of a police agent. Thus the individual taste of a Berlin artist, writer, actor or other notable resident finds no expression through his architectural surroundings. A Helmholtz, a Mommsen, a Menzel or a Virchow is in Berlin as little identified with his house as a soldier with his barracks. This form of living has its conveniences, particularly to a bachelor, but is not conducive to interest in those who seek the literary landmarks of great capitals. —Poultney Bigelow in Harper's Weekly.

Domestic Service on the Kongo.

"Cruelty In the Kongo Free State" is the title of a paper made up from the journals of the late E. J. Glave in The Century. Mr. Glave says: Toyo, the boy I engaged of Sims, is more different kinds of an ass than any one I have met for several moons. The other day, after cooking something in the frying pan, he placed the sooty side on the drum of my banjo. I do not understand his language very well, but from gesture and disgusted look it ought to have been clear to him that I objected to that sort of untidiness. When I threw off the frying pan, he took it up carefully, wiped the sooty part with a cloth I had given him to clean plates with, and then put it back on the banjo. He has made tea in my coffeepot without removing the coffee grounds. He walks into my room without taking off his hat or removing his pipe. He is ugly, slow and has no more intelligence than a rock. I found him wearing a hat which I had given him to carry, and wiping his sweaty face on my towel. What service he could have rendered Sims' mission I do not know.

Sorry He Spoke.

On one occasion when a well known wit was listening to the band on the pier at Brighton some medical students who happened to be there thought they would have a joke with him, and accordingly one of their number went up with outstretched hand and said:

"Ah, good morning, Mr. ——. How do you do?"

"I am quite well, thank you," replied he, "but I really have not the honor of your acquaintance."

"What!" said the student. "You don't know me? Why, I met you at the zoo."

"Young man, accept my apologies, but really I saw so many monkeys there that it is impossible for me to recognize them all again."—Pearson's Weekly.

About one month ago my child, which is fifteen months old, had an attack of diarrhœa, accompanied by vomiting. I gave it such remedies as are usually given in such cases, but as nothing gave relief we sent for a physician, and it was under his care for a week. At this time the child had been sick for about ten days, and was having about twenty-five operations of the bowels every twelve hours, and we were convinced that unless it soon obtained relief it would not live. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy was recommended, and I decided to try it. I soon noticed a change for the better; by its continued use a complete cure was brought about, and it is now perfectly healthy.—C. L. Boggs, Stumptown, Gilmer county, W. Va. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

PEOPLE OF THE COUNTRY.

Few of Them Seem to Have Learned Anything Noble From Nature.

"For the stability and righteousness of our government we are accustomed to think we must pin our faith on the country people who live 'near to nature's heart,'" writes Mrs. Lyman Abbott in The Ladies' Home Journal, the first of a series of "Peaceful Valley" papers, which picture life in an ideal rural community. "But how many of them," she says, "seem to have learned anything noble from her? Her beauty does not refine them, her honesty does not incite them to thoroughness, her free handedness does not inspire them to generosity—they become narrow and sordid in the midst of grandeur and liberality. They imagine there can be nothing in life but work or play, toil or rest, and they feel a contempt for those who play and rest. They have never learned to mingle work and play, toil and rest in due proportion, and they cease to find any pleasure in life unless they abandon work altogether. Like the tired woman who wrote her own epitaph, they fancy heaven a place where they can 'do nothing forever and ever.'

"This view of life makes loafers in the village as it makes them in the cities. When a different spirit has found room to grow, a new order of living prevails. Life becomes something more than a slow grinding of the mill, more than a burden, to be endured only because it cannot be at will laid down. It becomes a luxury as well as a necessity. Individuals combine, not for their own advantage, but to multiply benefactions, and as strength increases by its right use, the attainment of one worthy and ambitious advantage is only the suggestion and achievement of another."

The Storks of Larissa.

To me the most peculiar thing about Larissa was the life in the air above us. To see one, two, even four, storks on almost every one of the heavy roofs of bent red tiles remained a novelty to the end of my stay. No one ever disturbed the great birds. They built their large, flat, basketlike nests on the most exposed gables and used to stand on the most prominent points as a sort of architectural finish to the blue and white houses. The rattle of their bills, as of dry and hollow bones, sounded all night long.—Julian Ralph in Harper's Magazine.

How to Look Good.

Good looks are really more than skin deep, depending entirely on a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver is inactive, you have a bilious look; if your stomach is disordered, you have a dyspeptic look; if your kidneys are affected, you have a pinched look. Secure good health, and you will surely have good looks. "Electric Bitters" is a good Alterative and Tonic. Acts directly on the stomach, liver and kidneys, purifies the blood, cures pimples, blotches and boils, and gives a good complexion. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. 50 cents per bottle. †

The Rev. W. B. Costley, of Stockbridge, Ga., while attending to his pastoral duties at Ellenwood, that State, was attacked by cholera morbus. He says: "By chance I happened to get hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, and I think it was the means of saving my life. It relieved me at once." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute			6½
Standard	7	@	7½
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ lb	13	@	13½
Sides ₩ lb		@	8
Shoulders ₩ lb		@	7
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ lb	6½	@	6½
Shoulders ₩ lb		@	6½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New York, each		@	1 20
New City, each		@	1 10
BEESWAX ₩ lb		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ₩ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ₩ lb	15	@	18
Northern	18	@	22
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	51
Virginia Meal		@	51
COTTON TIES—₩ bundle		@	90
CANDLES—₩ lb—			
Sperm	13	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream		@	11
State	10½	@	13
COFFEE—₩ lb—			
Laguyra	13	@	16
Rio	8	@	9
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—₩ dozen	10	@	11
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	15 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel		@	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel		@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	4 25	@	4 50
FLOUR—₩ B—			
Low grade		@	3 50
Choice		@	3 75
Straight	4 25	@	4 50
First Patent		@	5 25
GLUE—₩ lb	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	53½
Car load, in bags—White		@	50
Oats, from store	38	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	90	@	1 00
HIDES—₩ lb—			
Green		@	8
Dry		@	19
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	1½	@	4
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	8½	@	9
North Carolina	6	@	10½
LIME, ₩ barrel	1 15	@	1 35
LUMBER (city sawed)₩ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	13 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	16 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	16 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	26
Barbadoes in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar-House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar-House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	12	@	16
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 40	@	1 50
PORK, ₩ barrel—			
City Mess	11 00	@	11 50
Rump		@	13 00
Prime		@	11 50
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@	11
SALT, ₩ sack Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	70	@	75
American	70	@	75
On 100 ₩ Sacks		@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ₩ M	3 00	@	5 00
Common	1 50	@	2 25
Cypress Sap	3 50	@	4 00
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Gran'd	5½	@	5½
Standard A		@	5¼
White Extra C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	4¾
C, Yellow		@	4¼
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½	@	5
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping		@	8 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 00
Common Mill	4 00	@	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed ₩ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	3 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 50
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
4x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ₩ lb		@	3½
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	1 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	1 00
WOOL, ₩ lb—Unwashed	9	@	11

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 5.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 25¼ cents per gallon bid for machine-made casks and 24¼ cents per gallon bid for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1.05 per bbl for Strained and $1.00 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1.10 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.00 per barrel for Hard, $1.50 for Dip, and $1.50 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine, firm, 24½c, 24c; rosin steady, $1.20; $1.25; tar steady, $1.15; crude turpentine firm, $1.30, $1.80, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	195
Rosin	474
Tar	162
Crude Turpentine	66

Receipts same day last year.—216 casks spirits turpentine, 680 bbls rosin, 204 bbls tar, 84 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 5⅝c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 8-16	cts. ₩ lb.
Good Ordinary	4¾	" "
Low Middling	5 3-16	" "
Middling	5⅝	" "
Good Middling	5¾	" "

Same day last year, middling 8c.

Receipts—0 bales; same day last year, 1.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 75. Virginia—Extra Prime, 75c; Fancy, 75c; Spanish, 70@80c.

CORN—Firm; 52½@55 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—$1.00@1.05 per bushel.

N. C. BACON—steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, heart and saps, $1.60 to $3.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to $6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 5.—Money on call steady at 1¼@1½ per cent., last loan being at 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange firm; actual business in bankers' bills 485½@485¾ for demand; 483¾@484 for sixty days. Posted rates 484½@485 and 486@486¼. Commercial bills 482½@483. Silver certificates 58¼@59¼. Bar silver 58¼. Mexican dollars 45¾. Government bonds firm; U. S. new 4's, registered, 127¼@128½; do. coupon, 127¾@128¼; U. S. 4's 111½@112¼; do. coupon, 112; U. S. 2's, 97½; U. S. 5's, registered, 111@113; do. 5's, coupon, 112@113. State bonds dull; N. C. 6's 125; 4's 103.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 5.—Rosin quiet. Spirits turpentine quiet at 28@28½c.

CHARLESTON, August 5.—Spirits turpentine steady at 24½c; no sales. Rosin quiet and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, August 5.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26; no sales reported; receipts 2,248 casks. Rosin firm; sales 39 barrels; receipts 4,721 barrels; prices unchanged.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 5.—Very little speculative interest was manifested in the Cotton Exchange. The first call developed a steady feeling, with first sales at unchanged prices to three points lower, the slight decline being due more to an absence of buyers than a predominance of sellers. The market closed with prices one point higher to one point net lower.

NEW YORK, August 5.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 6 1-16c.

Cotton futures closed quiet; August 5.89c, September 5.93c, October 5.97c, November 5.99c, December 6.03c, January 6.06c, February 6.09c; March 6.13c, April 6.16c, May 6.10c.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 6 1-16c; middling gulf 6 5 16c; sales 1,178 bales.

Net receipts — bales; gross receipts —bales; exports to the Continent 300 bales; sales 1,178 bales; to spinners 52 bales; stock (actual) 82,201 bales.

Weekly—Net receipts 593 bales; gross receipts 1,941 bales; exports to

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now bear* Chas. H. Fletcher *on every the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. This is the original* "CASTORIA" *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.*

LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* Chas. H. Fletcher *on the and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 24, 1898. Samuel Pitcher M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which ***even he*** does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"
BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

TO NARROW EDUCATION.

Professor Norton Illustrates With a Story on Biology.

Charles Eliot Norton, professor of arts at Harvard university, whom Matthew Arnold described as the "only gentleman in America," objects most heartily to undergraduate specializing. He believes in the English university training, which gives a man a broad education and a liberal equipment for citizenship which makes of him a cultivated gentleman. In one of his lecture courses Professor Norton told of a student with whom he had talked. The young man was a sophomore; his specialty, biology. He described with great enthusiasm the character of his work and lamented the fact that he had been unable, through the regulations of the faculty, to take more biology in his freshman year. As a junior and a senior he intended to elect it exclusively, he said.

The young man's enthusiasm was rather more saddening than inspiring to the professor. Four years' devotion to a single subject was crushing to his ideals of education. So he asked:

"Don't you think that your career in college would eventually be more satisfactory to yourself and of more profit to others if you were to take less of biology and acquaint yourself a little with literature and history and the arts?"

The sophomore thought he was predestined for biology.

For some time Professor Norton was silent. Then he said rather absently:

"Do you confine yourself to any particular branch of biology?"

The face of the student brightened. It was evident that he did. To the professor there was something pathetic as well as humorous in the reply that came quickly:

"Oh, yes. My work is entirely devoted to a study of the white ant's intestines."—Exchange.

HAD NO "SCOLDING LOCKS."

Tried to Oblige a Friend, but She Got Angry About It.

Some people are absolutely devoid of tact. One of these is a youthful matron who, wishing to make her very dearest friend—another young matron—a birthday present, decided on the purchase of a handsome pair of shell side combs.

Nothing could have been more appropriate for the blond tresses of her friend, and the giver felt much pleased with her selection when she went to call on her and give her the pretty ornaments.

"I thought you would like them," she said when her friend had admired them and thanked her rapturously, "you will find them so handy to fasten up your scolding locks."

"What do you mean?" asked her friend in a surprised tone.

"Did you never hear of scolding locks? They are the short ends of your hair that are always flying loose. They bother one so much, but side combs keep them in order, besides being very becoming ornaments."

"So you think I have scolding locks—then I must be a scold. Thanks awfully, dear, but I don't believe I need any combs. Keep them for your own scolding outfit." And the face of the "dearest friend" clouded with anger.

"Very well, just as you like. Goodby, dear." And the donor of the combs snatched them up and carried them home, where she had a fit of hysterics, and all because she needed a little tact.—Chicago Times-Herald.

SEASHORE HOTEL,

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH N. C.

GEORGE CAMPBELL, Proprietor.
R. E. CRAWFORD, Manager.

Open for the Season.

New and beautiful building sprinkled by the spray of Old Ocean and yet twenty miles away from slightest danger by invasion. New and handsome furnishings with all modern conveniences. Cuisine up to highest standard of excellence. Drinking water furnished by artesian well. Daily concerts by Hotel Orchestra. Come to Wrightsville Sound for cooling summer breezes and matchless view of Atlantic Ocean. je 2 tf

Blue Ridge Springs The Favorite Summe Resort of the Virginia Mountains. Twenty six consecutive seasons under the management of PHIL. F. BROWN.

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For Girls. Re-opens Sept. 28, 1898. 36th year. Mrs. H. P. LEFEBVRE, Principal. Miss E. D. HUNTLEY, Associate Principal. 122 and 124 W. Franklin street, Baltimore, Md. jy 27 2m we sa

Notre Dame of Maryland.

College for Young Women and Preparatory School for Girls. Regular and Elective Courses. Extensive Grounds. Location Unsurpassed. Suburb of Baltimore. Spacious Buildings, completely Equipped. Charles Street Avenue, BALTIMORE, MD. su we sa jy 24 2m

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request. BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

NAVAL CONSTRUCTION.

High Engine and Fire Room Temperatures on a Warship.

The great internal heat that rendered the Amphitrite inefficient was due to lack of provision for ventilation in the engine and boiler spaces. These regions became so hot that little useful work could be done in them, and the lack of air was such as to actually ruin the furnace draft, smoke coming out freely from the holes in the furnace doors. Aside from two small ash hoist tubes in the central part of the fireroom and a small escape hatch forward, there were no openings from the fireroom to the outer air.

The boilers reached nearly to the iron main deck of the vessel, and as the air above them and between the deck beams had no escape it became greatly heated and lay roasting in those spaces. It was impossible for a man to go on the gratings behind the upper parts of the boilers after they had been under steam a few hours, though the main and auxiliary stop valves were there. A board of officers that reported on temperatures in the vessel got at this place only by introducing a thermometer on the end of a long pole, and this thermometer, when fished out and taken to a place where it could be read, showed 202 degrees.

The superstructure containing the cabin and wardroom was directly above the engine and boiler rooms, with a light wooden floor laid over the iron main deck. At sea, with the doors closed, this habitation became exactly like a frying pan on a hot stove lid. The smoke pipe, partly uncovered for alleged ventilating purposes, passed through the center of the wardroom and by vigorous radiation contributed its full share to the general discomfort. The deck, in spite of its wooden sheathing, was so hot as to be painful, and I hesitate to say from memory the temperatures the board reported as being usual in the rooms, in bureau drawers, on the wardroom table and in other parts of the officers' quarters. It was as high as 112 degrees, and I think greater. Sleep was only a period of unconsciousness, induced by utter exhaustion, and was without restful quality.

The fireroom temperature was never below 150 degrees and often above 170, while the engine room ranged closely about 150 degrees. For the first 24 hours the men stood it well, but on the second day seven succumbed to the heat and were put on the sick list, one of them nearly dying. Before the voyage was ended 28 had been driven to seek medical attendance.

On the evening of the fourth day out our men had literally fought with fire to a finish and had been vanquished. The watch on duty broke down one by one and the engines, after lumbering along slower and slower, actually stopped for lack of steam. The ship was allowed to drift inshore on the tide and was finally brought to an anchor in St. Simon's sound. Though a warship of formidable characteristics and sent on this distant service, it is doubtful if the Amphitrite could have gone into action at that time or have steamed 100 miles farther to save herself.—F. M. Bennett, U. S. N., in Cassier's Magazine.

DOOLITTLE'S LITTLE JOKE.

How He Conferred an Honor Upon His Friend, Senator Fessenden.

The old senator was a great story teller and related many interesting and humorous accounts of what he had seen in public life. One of his favorite stories was at the expense of Senator Fessenden, a warm personal friend. The judge and Senator Fessenden had been appointed on a commission, with several others, to treat with the various chiefs of the Sioux Nation on an important Indian question of the day. It was long before railways had been introduced into the far west, and the members of the commission had to travel on horseback. Judge Doolittle was chairman of the commission, but at the conference shifted that duty to the shoulders of Senator Fessenden. The latter was highly pleased at the honor conferred on him and much "puffed up" in consequence. The judge had method in his madness, however, for he had heard of the peculiar reception tendered by the Indians to the spokesman of any party of visiting whites.

At the appointed time the two parties to the conference congregated. There were probably 300 Indian chiefs present, with their wives. Senator Fessenden advanced to do the honors for the commissioners, when, to his dismay, the whole body of Indians, squaws and all, advanced and, after embracing the chairman, gave him, according to their custom, a welcoming kiss. Judge Doolittle often said he thought that Fessenden never forgave him for the trick.—Boston Herald.

Dissatisfied.

"Is young Hopley much of a lawyer?"

"No, he isn't any good at all. I employed him in a case a short time ago, and he didn't say a thing to the counsel for the other side that a gentleman could object to."—Chicago News.

According to Dr. W. J. Beal, the native grasses of North America number about 1,275 species, included in about 140 genera, while in Europe there are only 47 genera and 570 species.

FOR LITTLE FOLKS.

TWO DISCOVERIES.

Blanche Found Something In the Pear Tree, but It Wasn't Sweet.

"Oh, grandma!" exclaimed Blanche breathlessly, "guess what I 'scovered up in the big pear tree this morning?"

Grandma put on her spectacles and tried to look very wise. "Is it something to eat?" she asked.

"Yes," answered Blanche quickly, "part of it is."

"And is it sweet?" continued grandma.

"Just as sweet as sugar," declared Blanche.

"Then I guess it's a big, bouncing Bartlett pear," said grandma, smiling.

But Blanche shook her head. "You haven't guessed it right at all," she said.

"Dear, dear, me!" exclaimed grandma thoughtfully; "whatever can it be? I think you will have to tell me, Blanche."

"I'm not going to just yet," said Blanche, "'cause maybe if I tell you a few more things you can guess it. Part of it is a house, and something lives in it, and they can fly."

"Perhaps it's a b-i-r-d," suggested Aunt Nan.

Blanche laughed and laughed. "Why, it's 'most as good as a puzzle," she said. "Do you ever eat birds, Aunt Nan?"

"Sakes alive, no!" exclaimed Aunt Nan decidedly.

"Supposing we go out and take a look at your puzzle," said grandpa, as he folded up his paper.

So they all went quickly down the narrow garden walk and stopped beside the tall green pear tree. "Don't you see it?" asked Blanche excitedly. "That great gray bee's nest away up near the top. And don't you see the yellow bees buzzing and buzzing around everywhere? Don't you see them, grandpa?"

"No," said grandpa slowly, "I don't. There isn't a bee's nest anywhere around here that I can see, even with my glasses on, and I can't discover one single bee either."

"Why—ee!" exclaimed Blanche wonderingly, "I can see them as plain as anything, grandpa."

Grandpa looked amused. "What bright, bright eyes you must have," he said, smiling.

"And can't you really 'scover any thing 'sides leaves and pears?" asked Blanche in surprise.

"Oh, yes, indeed," answered grandpa, with a twinkle in his eye, "I've discovered something quite remarkable, Blanche. I've discovered that every one of your yellow bees are nothing more or less than hornets!"

"Why—ee!" exclaimed Blanche in astonishment. And then how everybody laughed.—Youth's Companion.

The Stolen Lunch.

Poor little Peter! Do you see him at the schoolhouse pump? Oh, how he cries and howls!

Yesterday a little girl named Mary Owens came to the teacher and said: "Oh, Miss Ward, what shall I do? This is the third day that some one has eaten up all my lunch. I have been watching and trying to find out who can be the thief. But it is of no use."

The poor child cried because she was so troubled at the loss of her dinner.

"Never mind, little Mary," said the teacher. "Do as I tell you, and we will catch the naughty child very soon."

So they said not a word more before the other scholars and quietly laid their plan. Next morning the teacher brought a tempting doughnut and placed it in Mary's lunch basket.

Just before the bell rang to dismiss the school at noon the scholars heard a noise and soon saw Peter standing by the well and working the pump handle in a lively fashion.

The doughnut had been filled with red pepper, and when poor Peter tasted it he knew he was found out. Oh, how it did burn! It seemed as if he could never get to the water. And, worst of all, the boys and girls now came running to him, shouting and laughing at him with all their might.

No doubt this will be the last time little Mary will lose her lunch.—Boston Woman's Journal.

A Three-year-old Bicyclist.

Would you like an introduction to the youngest bicycle rider in Chicago, if not in the world? This is his picture. The young man is just 3 years old, and he lives at 3760 Commercial street, Ravenswood. His name is Allison Friedberg. He rides an odd little baby bicycle, the wheels of which are only 16 inches in diameter and the seat 22 inches from the ground. Not long ago he rode from Ravenswood to Lincoln park and back, a distance of ten miles, in less than half a day. He learned to ride very easily and is not at all afraid.—Chicago Record.

TWO BLONDS.

One of Them Was Impolite, but the Other One Got Even.

A sallow little blond entered an electric car and sat down effusively by a very handsome blond with brown eyes.

"Oh, Harriet! I am so glad to see you! I've had so many engagements lately that I see nothing of you. How have you been?"

"Much as usual," answered the brown eyed blond.

"Are you going to the ——s' little Lenten dance?"

"No."

"You aren't! Why, everybody is going."

"It will be a very populous dance."

"But why aren't you going?"

A shade of annoyance passed over the brown eyed blond's face, but she answered simply, "Because I'm not invited."

"Oh, that's too bad! I'm so sorry you were left out. And they seemed to have gone into the highways and hedges, too, from what I can hear. I'm going to wear violet silk."

"I think you might wear violet silk," said the brown eyed blond gently but distinctly, turning a searching gaze upon her companion's complexion, "if you put on plenty of powder. You are determined to wear violet silk?"

"I thought—I think"— stammered the other woman, reddening through her sallowness.

"Then be sure to remember my advice and put on plenty of powder—yes, I think in that case you might venture to wear violet silk."

The sallow blond did not say another word, but sat over ostentatiously and gave a newcomer a seat. Perhaps she had not meant to be rude, with her sorrow and her highways and hedges. But people were smiling around her, secretly glad, as we cannot help being, of witnessing the neat pat with which a skilled fencer drops a rcistering and bullying antagonist.—Chicago Post.

A Nice Little Order.

A man who had "got on" in life and rapidly amassed a large fortune, on furnishing a new and luxuriously fitted house, suddenly discovered, to his great distress, that he had omitted the "harmless necessary" library. He went to a local shop and ordered a supply of books.

"What are your particular tastes?" asked the bookseller.

"Oh, I've no hidcas about the matter," was the reply. "You're a bookseller—you ought to know all about it. I simply ask you to provide me with a library."

"And you have no preference?"

"No, but wait a second. I 'ave a preference. There's a man whose books I ought to 'ave. Now, bless me, what's 'is name? Shake—Shakes—Shakes something."

"Shakespeare," suggested the bookseller.

"That's 'im—Mr. Shakespeare. Get all he's written, and see that any new books he may write are ordered for me immediately."—Pearson's Weekly.

Then She Fainted.

Niece (showing the wedding presents to Uncle Tom)—I wanted you to see them all, dear Uncle Tom, so that you won't send a duplicate. Duplicate wedding presents are very annoying, you know.

Uncle Tom—H'm. What's this?

Niece—That's papa's check for £500. Isn't it lovely?

Uncle Tom—Very. I intended to send you the same thing, but rather than annoy you with a duplicate present I'll send £100.—London Answers.

Good Advice to Follow.

Somebody gives the following antithetical advice: "Drink less, breathe more; eat less, chew more; ride less, walk more; clothe less, bathe more; worry less, work more; waste less, give more; write less, read more; preach less, practice more."

Sect of Remarkable Fasters.

As fasters the sect of Jains, in India, are far ahead of all rivals. Fasts of from 30 to 40 days are very common, and once a year they are said to abstain from food for 75 days.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidney, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retension of water and pain. In passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure, this is your remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner of Front and Market streets.

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPECIAL SALE

this week in

Black Goods and Summer Fabrics.

WE ARE SHOWING A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

Carpets, Mattings, Oil-Cloth, Portieres, Screens, Mosquito Nets, Trunks, Bags, and Window Shades.

Bathing Suits and Caps for Ladies and Gents.

Ladies', Gents' and Children's Underwear in all grades.

Just received, the largest assortment of PARASOLS and UMBRELLAS from

$1.00 to $3.00.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

jy 16 tf

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES

"THE PEACE MAKERS"

When You Wish to Talk Stoves and Ranges Just Bear In Mind Buck Goods Are the Finest and Best Made In America

This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

Wm. E. Springer & Co., Gen'l Agts.

For Health and Pleasure

Go To Cleveland Springs,

LEE & MILLER, Props., Shelby, N. C.

CHARMING CUISINE,

Rates Reasonable, Superb Service,

THIRTEEN SPRINGS.

Mr. J. E. Montague, late Manager of The Orton for nine years, is connected with the management, and will be glad to see his friends. su we je 26 tf

ICE, ICE, ICE,

In Any Quantity From

10 POUNDS TO 100 TONS.

Careful Personal Attention Given All Orders.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephone 94. Inter-State 146.

my 12 tf

Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, Wilmington, N. C.

At the close of Business July 14th, 1898. Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$543,225 29	Capital	$125,000 00
Overdrafts	107 97	Surplus	70,000 00
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)	40,100 00	Undivided profits	9,933 25—79,933 25
Banking House and Fixtures	10,000 00	Circulation	36,000 00
Due from other Banks	$109,664 22	Total Deposits	581,976 40
Cash on hand	98,741 94—209,406 16		
Total	$802,929 65	Total	$802,929 65

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT:

	July 14, '98.	July 14, '97.	July 14, '96.
Total Deposits	$464,000	$514,000	$362,000
Surplus and Net Profits	85,700	69,000	79,900
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum.

Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. jy 26 tf

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington
E. F. McRAE, Rasmont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 75 cents per Share.
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 45 cents per Share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B HARKER, Secreta jan 1 tf

FOR SALE.

Desirable Tract of Land

Situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

Three miles south of Jacksonville, N. C., contains 613 acres, of which 300 are cleared and will grow corn, cotton, peanuts and rice. Strawberries and four varieties of blackberries grow on it spontaneously. Soil also excellent for tobacco and potatoes.

The remaining 313 acres are well timbered with pine, ash, oak, hickory and juniper. Eight to ten thousand juniper poles can be cut from the wooded portion now.

Plantation bounded by navigable water for one and one-half miles. On the banks of the stream are reeds upon which one hundred cattle can feed themselves through the winter. TITLE IS CLEAR.

For further information, address THE MORNING STAR, my 22 tf Wilmington N. C.

Jackson Springs Hotel.

Read Carefully what the Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell, Corresponding Secretary of the Baptist Young People's Union of the South, says:

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 12, 1897.

H. E. Thompson, Providential, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—A month ago you sent me a box of the Jackson Springs Water—twelve bottles. You know how fearfully I was suffering with an acute bladder trouble some weeks before. When I reached home I found the water awaiting me. I have rested and drank that water. I am a new man—my old self practically; my appetite restored; and the tenderness in the bladder nas disappeared. I think it is a wonderful water. I had been using for weeks before all sorts of lithia water, but the Jackson Springs Water went to the spot.

With profound gratitude, I am,
Yours. Respectfully, &c.,
CALVIN S. BLACKWELL.

The Doctor further says, it is "the best, I think, God has let run out of the earth for afflicted humanity."

This Water is unsurpassed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration, or any Kidney, Bladder or Stomach Trouble.

Packed for Shipping.

This valuable Water is packed for shipping purposes, one dozen half-gallon bottles to the case. It has permanently cured hundreds who have found it inconvenient to visit the Springs.

For prices and further particulars, address

H. E. THOMPSON,
my 19 tf Providential, Moore Co., N. C

SEABOARD AIR LINE — VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Schedule in Effect May 29, 1898.

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 p. m., leaves Lumberton 5:15 p.m., Pembroke 5:38 p. m., Maxton 6:12 p. m., Laurinburg 6:32 p. m., Hamlet 6:58 p. m., Wadesboro 8:11 p. m., Monroe 9:18 p. m., Charlotte 10:25 p. m. Connects at Monroe with train 41 for Atlanta, and and at Hamlet with train 403 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:00 a. m., leaves Weldon 11:00 a. m., Raleigh 8:40 p. m., Sanford 8:58 p. m., Hamlet 6:58 p. m., Athens 8:42 a. m., and Atlanta 5:20 a. m.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4:40 p. m., Richmond 8:56 p. m., Portsmouth 8:45 p. m., leaves Weldon 11:25 p. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Sanford 3:33 a. m., Hamlet 5:07 a. m., Rockingham 5:23 a. m., Wadesboro 5:52 a. m., Monroe 6:48 a. m., Charlotte 7:50 a. m., Lincolnton 10:35 a. m., Shelby 11:37 a. m., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon, Athens 1:13 p. m., Atlanta 2:50 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 7:50 p. m., Athens 11:12 p. m., Monroe 6:05 a. m., Leaves Charlotte 5:10 a. m., Monroe 5:55 a. m., Wadesboro 7:01 a. m., Hamlet 8:00 a. m., Raleigh 11:20 a. m., Weldon 2:45 p. m.; arrive Portsmouth 5:30 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 6:30 a. m. Arrives Laurinburg 8:40 a. m., Maxton 9:05 a. m., Pembroke 9:31 a. m., Lumberton 9:53 a. m., Wilmington 12:05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 m. leaves Athens 3:13 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4:35 p. m., arrives Shelby 5:55 p. m., Lincolnton 6:56 p. m., Charlotte 8:30 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m., Wadesboro 10:31 p. m., Rockingham 11:15 p. m., Hamlet 11:15 p. m., Sanford 1:03 a. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Weldon 4:35 a. m., Portsmouth 7:25 a. m., Richmond 8:20 a. m., Washington 12:31 noon.

Train 39—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 p. m. arrives Gibson 8:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:30 a. m., arrives Hamlet 7:40 a. m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 a. m., arrives Cheraw 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 p. m., arrives Hamlet 6:20 p. m.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to
THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

J. ST. JOHN, Vice President and General Manager
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. je 10 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

Condensed Schedule

In Effect July 3rd, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	8 30 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	11 40 "
Leave Fayetteville	11 50 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	11 54 "
Leave Sanford	1 05 P. M.
Leave Climax	3 10 "
Arrive Greensboro	3 40 "
Leave Greensboro	3 50 "
Leave Stokesdale	4 37 "
Leave Walnut Cove	5 07 "
Leave Rural Hall	5 36 "
Arrive Mt. Airy	7 00 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 DAILY.
Leave Mt. Airy	8 45 A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 09 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 36 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 13 P. M.
Leave Climax	12 42 "
Leave Sanford	3 30 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 49 "
Arrive Fayetteville	3 52 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 02 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 05 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8.00 A. M.
Arrive Maxton	9 08 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 29 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 35 P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	4 59 "
Leave Red Springs	5 35 "
Arrive Maxton	6 00 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M.
Leave Climax	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday
Leave Madison	12 30 P. M
Leave Stokesdale	1 15 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 30 "
Leave Greensboro	3 00 "
Leave Climax	3 50 "
Arrive Ramseur	5 30 "

CONNECTIONS!

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent
my 27 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C. Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

CROATAN ..... Saturday, August 6th
BENEFACTOR ..... Saturday, August 13th

Wilmington for New York.

BENEFACTOR ..... Saturday, August 6th
CROATAN ..... Saturday, August 13th

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN ..... Tuesday, August 9th
BENEFACTOR ..... Tuesday, August 16th

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. jy 15 tf

Turnip Seed.

All Varieties.

FRESH LOT JUST RECEIVED.

Guaranteed Rock Bottom Prices.

J. Hicks Bunting,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
Y. M. C. A. Building,
jy 30 tf Wilmington, N. C.

THIS IS HOT WEATHER.

But you wouldn't know it if you were at CAROLINA BEACH. Come down and try it a while, and be sure to

Stop at the Kure House.

Rooms furnished or unfurnished. Board by the day, week or month. Good fare and every comfort for guests. For rates, apply to

Mrs. Hans A. Kure.

jy 21 1m

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect July 26, 1898.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.35 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.46 a. m., Warsaw 11.14 a. m., Goldsboro 12.03 a. m., Wilson 12.49 p. m., Rocky Mount 1.20 p. m., Tarboro 2.21 p. m., Weldon 3.36 p. m., Petersburg 5.34 p. m., Richmond 6.40 p. m., Norfolk 8.45 p. m., Washington 11.00 p. m.; Baltimore 1.39 a. m., Philadelphia 3.50 a. m., New York 6.55 a. m., †Boston 8.00 p. m.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.58 p. m., Warsaw 9.10 p. m., Goldsboro 10.16 p. m., Wilson 11.06 p. m., †Tarboro 0.45 a. m., Rocky Mount 11.57 p. m. Weldon 1.48 a. m., †Norfolk 10.15 a. m., Petersburg 3.14 a. m., Richmond 4 a. m., Washington 7.41 a. m., Baltimore 9.09 a. m., Philadelphia 11.25 a. m., New York 2.60 p. m., Boston 9.00 p. m.

DAILY Sunday 9.35 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville except 4.15 p. m., Newbern 5.40 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 5.40 P. M. — No. 35—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.26 p. m., Chadbourn 5.38 p. m., Marion 6.54 p. m., Florence 7.15 p. m., Sumter 9.30 p. m., Columbia 10.50 p. m., Denmark 6.13 a. m., Augusta 7.25 a. m., Macon 11.15 a. m., Atlanta 10.35 p. m., Charleston 10.50 p. m., Savannah 1.30 a. m., Jacksonville 7.30 a. m., St. Augustine 10.00 a. m., Tampa 6.05 p. m.

ARRIALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.40 P. M. — No. 45—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.05 p. m., †New York 9.00 p. m., Philadelphia 12.05 a. m., Baltimore 2.50 a. m., Washington 4.30 a. m., Richmond 9.05 a. m., Petersburg 10.00 a. m., Norfolk 9.10 a. m., Weldon 11.50 a. m., Tarboro 12.29 p. m., Rocky Mount 1.10 p. m., Wilson 2.00 p. m., Goldsboro 3.05 p. m., Warsaw 3.39 p. m., Magnolia 4.12 p. m.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.00 a. m., Philadelphia 12.00 p. m., Baltimore 2.25 p. m., Washington 5.46 p. m., Richmond 7.20 p. m., Petersburg 8.12 p. m., †Norfolk 2.20 p. m., Weldon 9.43 p. m., †Tarboro 5.00 p. m., Rocky Mount 5.40 a. m. Leave Wilson 6.22 a. m., Goldsboro 7.01 a. m., Warsaw 7.53 a. m., Magnolia 8.05 a. m.

DAILY Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern except 9.00 a. m. Jacksonville 10.26 a. m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.20 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 a. m., Sanford 3.07 p. m., Jacksonville 8.00 p. m., Savannah 1.45 a. m., Charleston 6.33 a. m., Columbia 5.45 a. m., Atlanta 7.50 a. m., Macon 9.00 a. m., Augusta 2.20 p. m., Denmark 4.17 p. m., Sumter 6.06 a. m., Florence 8.55 a. m., Marion 9.34 a. m., Chadbourn 10.20 a. m., Lake Waccamaw 11.09 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.15 p. m., Halifax 4.39 p. m.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.30 p. m., Greenville 6.37 p. m., Kinston 7.53 p. m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.30 a. m., Greenville 8.32 a. m.; arriving Halifax at 11.15 a. m., Weldon 11.30 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.30 a. m. and 2.30 p. m.; arrive Parmele 9.10 a. m. and 4.00 p. m.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.; arrives Washington 11.00 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p. m.; Sunday, 4.15 p. m.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 p. m. and 6.10 p. m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 a. m. and Sunday 9.00 a. m.; arrive Tarboro 10.30 a. m. and 11.00 a. m

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.10 a. m.; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 8.30 a. m. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 a. m.; arrive Goldsboro 10.25 a. m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p. m.; arrives Nashville 5.05 p. m., Spring Hope 5.30 p. m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 6.05 a. m., Nashville 6.35 a. m.; arrive Rocky Mount 7.05 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.20 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 a. m. and 2.45 p. m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.06 a. m., arrive Latta 9.34 a. m., Dillon 9.55 a. m., Rowland 0.50 a. m. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 p. m.; arrives Dillon 6.29 p. m., Latta 6.55 p. m., Pee Dee 7.00 p. m., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 9.25 a. m., Chadbourn 10.43 a. m.; arrive Conway 12.40 p. m.; leave Conway 2.45 p. m., Chadbourn 3.39 p. m.; arrive Hub 6.10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6.05 p. m., Manning 6.35 p. m.; arrive Lane's 7.15 p. m.; leave Lane's 6.34 a. m., Manning 9.08 a. m.; arrive Sumter 9.37 a. m

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 6.

APPROACH OF PEACE STIMULATES TRADE.

Beneficial Effects Expected to Flow From the Opening Up of New Markets.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 5.—Bradstreets to-morrow will say:

The stimulating influences of the apparently near approach of peace, coupled with the generally expected beneficial effects it is hoped will flow from the opening up of new markets in the lands added to the national domain, seem to increase as the summer wanes. That the improvement, while as yet admittedly one largely of sentiment, is not entirely so considered, however, is proven by reports of a still further increased distribution of staple goods in the West, Northwest and Southwest, where the excellent crop situation has rendered harmless the supposed benumbing effects of war. So far as the crop situation is concerned, the past week furnishes not the least notable contribution of the year in reports coming from the great surplus corn producing States of beneficial rains checking a deterioration which threatened material damage to this most widely grown and intrinsically valuable of the country's cereals. Another encouraging feature of the week has been the perceptible growth in strength of the iron and steel situation.

Firmness in prices is a feature of particular interest, in view of the enormous production of pig iron early in the year, and apparently reflects the going into consumption of most of this immense production, leaving stocks generally within controllable limits. Encouraging export demand for our cereals, great steadiness in prices, largest recorded mid-summer bank clearings and fairly encouraging railroad earnings, notwithstanding the unwillingness of farmers to accept present cereal values, are additional encouraging features of trade at the present time.

Prices are quite generally firm or tending upward in spite of the mid-summer quietness in many lines of trade. As a result of operations in July, twenty-three or about one-third of all staples advanced in value, twenty-seven declined, while forty-four remained steady or unchanged. Advances in many cereals, except wheat and flour, a number of provisions, dairy products and groceries, most raw textiles, except cotton, petroleum, rubber, alcohol, opium and quinine are features of the month's operations. Important decreases aside from that in wheat are found in some few makes of iron and steel, some other metals and in building lumber. Compared with August one year ago, sixty-six out of 104 staples are higher, twenty-nine are lower and nine are unchanged, so that it may be said that compared with a year ago there have been more than two advances for every decline mentioned.

Business failures in the United States are at a minimum, numbering 189, identical in number with those of last week, but compared with 214 in this week a year ago, 269 in 1896, 209 in 1895 and 197 in 1894. Canadian failures number 23 as against 34 last week, 41 in this week a year ago, 35 in 1896, 31 in 1895 and 40 in 1894.

TROOPS AT JACKSONVILLE.

Regiments Arriving from Miami—Gen. Lee's Staff—Paymasters Make the Boys Happy.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., August 5.—The Second Alabama regiment arrived here to-day from Miami and went into camp along with the Louisiana regiment, in the eastern part of the city. The Second Alabama boys, tired and dusty, were pleased to find a faucet of pure artesian water at the end of each company street, ready for use, and bath houses with shower sprays erected for use. The camp is located on high sandy soil in a grove of pine trees and could not be more favorable for health.

Lieut. Sartoris, of Gen. Lee's staff, is slightly ill with malarial fever and will probably be given a ten day's leave of absence. He is a grandson of Gen. Grant.

Private B. Hart, of Company G, first Wisconsin, died this morning of typhoid fever after a short illness. The body will be sent to-morrow afternoon to his home at Iregon, Wis.

Major Russell B. Harrison, of Gen. Lee's staff, who has been appointed provost marshal for the Seventh corps, assumed the duties of his position to-day.

The paymasters were at work at the camp and made several regiments happy to-day. It will take about $400,000 to pay off the troops here.

GRAND ENCAMPMENT I. O. O. F

Officers Elected For the Ensuing Year. Charlotte Selected as the Next Place of Meeting.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., August 4.

The Board of Trustees of the A. & M. College meet here Monday. The business proposed, that of electing a director of the Experiment Station will be necessary as Prof. Withers has been engaged to continue that work.

Mr. David J. Duncan, of the Department of Internal Revenue, brother of Collector, Carl Duncan was married in Beaufort yesterday to Miss Dudley, one of the most popular young women in Eastern Carolina.

The Grand Encampment, I. O. O. F., adjourned yesterday after selecting Charlotte as the next place of meeting. The grand officers elected for the ensuing year were:

B. C. Gorham, Fayetteville, Grand Patriarch.

S. M. Beasley, Poplar Branch, Grand High Priest.

L. C. Howlett, Greensboro, Grand Senior Warden.

W. E. Faison, Raleigh, Grand Scribe.

T. W. Blake, Raleigh, Grand Treasurer.

Wesley Williams, Elizabeth City, Grand Representative.

L. L. Boon, Wilmington, Grand Inside Sentinal.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

SHAFTER'S ARMY LEAVING CUBA.

The Embarkation to Begin To-day on Transports Already at Santiago.

GEN. WOOD WILL REMAIN

With the Ninth and Tenth Cavalry—Report on Condition of Affairs at Manzanillo—Spaniards Disheartened. Santa Clara Deserted.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SANTIAGO, August 4.—(delayed in transmission)—From the moment Secretary Alger's cabinet message was received this morning, ordering the instant removal of the army North, everything has been bustle and activity at headquarters. The transports, six in number, have been ordered to discharge their cargoes and get ready without loss of time to take on board the first shipments for home. Other transports are expected here shortly, the embarkation of which will begin to-morrow and it is expected that eighteen transports will soon be conveying our soldiers back to the United States. The Yale and Harvard, among others, are understood to be on their way here. These vessels will carry from 12,000 to 15,000 men.

Gen. Shafter's orders for the movement of his command provide the following programme: The embarkation of the Third and Sixth regular cavalry; then the First regular cavalry and First volunteer cavalry (Rough Riders) will be embarked. These regiments have been ordered to be ready to go on board ship the day after to-morrow. For the present the Ninth and Tenth cavalry will remain in camp. Only the private horses of the officers will be taken. The other horses will be turned over to Gen. Wood, who will designate an officer to receive them. Gen. Wood remains here as military governor. All the tents will be left standing, and all the extra worn clothing and bedding which may possibly be infected will be destroyed.

The First brigade of Gen. Lawton's division, under Gen. Chaffee, will go next. All the men able to ride will be put on ponies and taken to the wharf. The others will be conveyed there in wagons. All the men who are suffering from yellow fever or infectious diseases will be left here. Every precaution will be taken to provide for the safety and health of the men north.

The volunteer regiments will be next shipped in the following order: First Illinois, First District of Columbia, Seventy-first New York, Ninth Massachusetts, Second Massachusetts, Eighth Illinois, Thirty-third Michigan and Thirty-fourth Michigan. All these regiments have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness to go aboard the transports the day after to-morrow, or as soon thereafter as possible.

All the troops will first be examined by a medical board, and any suspicious cases will be left in the hospital. No tenting or surplus baggage will be taken back to the United States.

Captain McKittrick and Dr. Goodfellow, of General Shafter's staff, left here this afternoon by the Berlin for New Orleans.

Conditions at Manzanillo.

The warships Massachusetts and Dixie arrived at Guantanamo Bay last night and immediately started coaling.

Commander Todd, of the Wilmington, reports that the conditions at Manzanillo, as learned from General Rion, are as follows:

There are about two thousand regulars, one thousand volunteers and five hundred bombarderos, or firemen, there. They appear to be well supplied with cattle and provisions, but are believed to be short of ammunition. Recent events in that vicinity have disheartened them, and it is believed that the appearance of an American force, even of only 1,000 men, would result in the capitulation of the place. So far as forts are concerned, they amount to little or nothing beyond some field pieces temporarily placed in position and belonging to the army. But it is said there are about twenty field guns in the vicinity.

The last expedition to Manzanillo took the Spaniards there completely by surprise and they thought an American force was landing south of the town, near Niquero. The squadron bulletin says the Spanish generally, from Manzanillo to Trinidad, are evidently in a very demoralized condition.

Santa Clara, the port on the south coast of the province of Puerto Principe, is reported to be deserted. There is no shipping there.

The Spanish Prisoners.

General Toral, the commander of the Spanish troops, sent a letter to-day to Gen Shafter advising the latter that the camp of the surrendered troops is in an unhealthy condition. The officer also reported that there were several hundred sick and that there was an average of 12 deaths daily. The transports expected here to carry the Spanish troops back to Spain have not yet been heard from.

General Shafter will take action at once in order to improve the sanitary condition of the Spanish soldiers and their camp.

The Sick Report.

WASHINGTON, August 5.—General Shafter sends the following report for August 3; total sick, 3,778, total fever cases, 2,768; returned to duty 585; deaths 9.

THE GULF STORM.

Terrible Disaster—Dredge, Two Scows, and Tug Nimrod Wrecked—Twelve Men Drowned.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

APALACHICOLA, FLA., August 5.—Geo. C. Randolph, purser of the steam tug Nimrod, of Mobile, arrived here this afternoon accompanied by two shipmates and reports one of the most terrible disasters that has ever occurred on the Gulf.

The Nimrod towing the dredge Thomas H. Herndon and two scows, were all totally wrecked off Cape St. Blas in Tuesday night's storm. The Nimrod with her entire crew, consisting of twelve men, went down forty miles at sea and nothing has since been heard of them. The dredge with her two scows is ashore on Cape St. Blas, the dredge being a total loss. The Nimrod, dredge and scows belong to Rittenhouse Moore, of Mobile. They are valued as follows: Nimrod $40,000; dredge $75,000; scows $32,000.

All telegraphic communications are still cut off, there being no way to communicate with the outside world except by mail.

Senator Bacon, of Georgia, sent a long telegram to the War Department, protesting against the movement of Col. Ray's Third regiment United States volunteers to Santiago de Cuba, declaring that they are not immune from yellow fever.

SPAIN'S REPLY STILL DELAYED.

Two Days Have Passed Without A Word Officially of Inquiry or Response.

REPLY EXPECTED MONDAY.

Officials Confident Spain's Answer Will be a Conclusive Acceptance—Affairs at Santiago and Ponce—Sixth Massachusetts Regiment.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 5.—When the President closed his official work to-day he had not received the reply of Spain nor any intimation as to how soon the reply might be expected. The French ambassador had been heard from through the day, and he, as well as our government, is waiting for the response. Two days have now passed without a word officially from pain either in the way of inquiring or response. From this it is clear that the Spanish cabinet fully realizes the time for argument, counter proposals or modification has gone by, and that there is only one simple issue to be met, namely, whether the American terms will be accepted as a whole or rejected. There is, indeed, reason to believe that the Spanish government has been directly advised that the state of negotiations is past and that only the matter of an answer, favorable or unfavorable, remains. That the answer has not come quickly is no matter of surprise to the officials here, for they realize the tremendous responsibility which Premier Sagasta must assume in making these peace terms sufficiently palatable to the Spanish populace and the political leaders to permit its acceptance without an internal convulsion. In his conferences with the President and Secretary Day, the French ambassador has brought out clearly the great task before Sagasta. It seems to be the general view here that if the premier and his ministry were untrammelled an acceptance would come at once, and that the preliminary peace arrangement would be now closed. But in preparing the Spanish public, and in guarding against political agitations hereafter, by public men or of other parties, the Madrid officials are taking time for missionary work not only among themselves, but among all political and social elements.

Answer Expected Monday.

The best informed persons here fix next Monday as the time when the United States government is likely to receive Spain's final answer, but this is simply conjectural, for there is not the slightest means of knowing the tendencies at Madrid. It might come to-morrow, but in the event of its coming late in the day, or on Sunday, the response will not be communicated to the government until Monday. There is the same confident belief among officials that there has been from the first, that Spain's answer will be a reluctant but none the less a conclusive acceptance. At the same time it was suggested to-day in some quarters that there was a possibility that the disclosures made by the American general at Santiago concerning the serious condition of our troops might be a straw at which the Spanish cabinet would grasp. This is quite doubtful, however, as there is a question whether the statement of the American general ever got outside the borders of the United States, owing to the strict censorship imposed last night. Moreover, all the evidence reaching the officials here indicates that Spain is weary with the conflict and is convinced beyond the slightest question of the hopelessness of further opposition.

The Troops at Santiago.

The day would have been remarkably dull at the War Department considering the existence of a state of war had it not been for the publication in the newspapers of the round robin signed by the military commanders at Santiago, and the short but sharp correspondence between Col. Roosevelt and Secretary Alger. These afforded food for much discussion among all classes of officials, and the belief was general that there are to be further interesting chapters in the correspondence, provided it is deemed harmless to the best interests of the army to allow further publications. In proof of the allegation that the War Department had bestirred itself to succor the unfortunate army in Santiago before the united protest was made, the following statement is given out by the Secretary of War regarding the shipment of troops from Santiago:

"Until quite recently it was supposed that yellow fever was epidemic in Santiago, and it was not believed that it would be safe to send shiploads north of men largely infected with yellow fever. The disease, it was believed, would spread rapidly on shipboard and result in the death and burial of many at sea.

"On the 28th ult., the Secretary of War telegraphed to Gen. Shafter that as soon as the fever subsided the men of his command would be moved north to a camp that had been selected for them on Montauk Point. On the 30th of July Gen. Shafter telegraphed: 'Made known Secretary of War's telegram that troops would be moved north as soon as fever subsided and it had a very good effect upon the men.'

"When, however, the true condition was made known, an order was issued to Gen. Shafter to move his command north as rapidly as possible, and all ships in the quartermaster's service, possible to get to Santiago were sent there, and the great liners St. Paul and St. Louis were also ordered there. All this was done before the communication signed by General Shafter and his generals was received and before Colonel Roosevelt's letter was published.

"Over one hundred and fifty surgeons are at Santiago and one hundred and seventy-six immune nurses have been sent there, besides the usual hospital corps that always attend such an army. There have been less deaths in Santiago by yellow fever than typhoid fever in any camp of the same size in the United States."

The Sixth Massachusetts.

Two messages were received at the War Department to-day from Ponce, the first announcing the death of a brilliant young army officer, and the second, from General Miles himself, touching the trouble in the Sixth Massachusetts regiment, which was the subject of official inquiry by Secretary Alger yesterday. Details of the latter telegram are not obtainable, but it is apparent that General Miles is determined to repress sternly at the very beginning any departure from military discipline, even among the volunteer element in his command. As near as can be gathered the officers of the Sixth declined to submit to an examination which was prescribed by the brigade officers, the proper authority, and upon the insistance of the latter they sought to resign their commissions. General Miles himself is dealing with the case and if he should decide to allow the officers to resign or discharge them from the service of the United States, and the latter is possible, the Governor of Massachusetts will be called upon to appoint their successors.

It can be said that up to this time the officials are thoroughly satisfied with Gen. Miles' conduct of the Porto Rican campaign, and they do not hesitate to admit that the events that have occurred since his landing at Guanica fully justify the arbitrary change made by him in the carefully-laid plans of the department for the conduct of the campaign.

ADMIRAL CERVERA

By Permission Made a Visit to Other Spanish Prisoners in the Naval Hospital at Norfolk.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, VA., Aug 5.—Admiral Cervera and his son Lieut. Cervera, arrived here this morning from Baltimore. The left Annapolis where they have been prisoners of war for several weeks on yesterday afternoon, having been granted special permission to visit Capt. Concha, commander of the admiral's flagship Maria Teresa, and the other Spanish sick and wounded at the Naval hospital here.

The steamer flew the bunting of the admiral and a launch lay at the pier to receive the distinguished prisoners. Lieutenant Commander R. M. G. Brown, retired, met the admiral and his son as they stepped off the steamer and it was with difficulty that they pushed their way through the crowd.

At the naval hospital the Spanish admiral was received by a guard of honor and at once conducted to Capt. Concha's room. This was the first time that they had met since that fatal dash out of Santiago harbor. The meeting was a pathetic one, the admiral and captain embracing one another like children. The admiral then visited Lieut. Noval, of the Pluton, who lost a leg, Doctors Nicoli and Auguti, of the Vizcaya, and the scenes were equally affecting. When their former chief entered the ward where the Spanish sailors are their faces lit up and they embraced him as best they could, their joy being plainly visible. The admiral took lunch with Medical Director Cleborne and it is said will remain here several days.

MESSAGE FROM AGUINALDO.

The Philippine Insurgent Chief Denies That He is Getting Pig-headed and Not Behaving.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 5.—The *Journal* prints a cablegram from Hong Kong purporting to give the text of a message sent by Aguinaldo, the Philippine insurgent chief, to Consul General Wildman. The message is dated Cavite, July 30th, and in it Aguinaldo says it is reported that he is "getting pig-headed and not behaving" as he promised Mr. Wildman. In reply, says Aguinaldo:

"I ask why should America expect me to outline my policy, present and future, and fight blindly for her interests, when America will not be frank with me? Tell me this, am I fighting for annexation, protection or independence?

"It is for America to say, not me.

"I can take Manila, as I have defeated the Spanish everywhere, but what would be the use?

"If America takes Manila, I can save my men and arms for what the future has in store for me.

"Now good friend, believe me, I am not both fool and rogue. The interests of my people are as sacred to me as are the interests of your people to you."

IMMUNE REGIMENTS

Under Orders for Santiago—Will Leave Sunday or Monday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., August 5.—The Third and Fifth regiments, U. S. V., the so-called immune regiments, and possibly one other, will leave Savannah Sunday or Monday on the transports Minnewaha, Lenora and Rio Grande for Santiago. The transports left New York Thursday, and one or more are expected to arrive here Saturday.

The Third regment, commanded by Col. Patrick H. Ray, which has been in camp at Macon, Ga., will leave there Saturday night, arriving here the next morning. The Fifth regiment, at Columbus, Miss., is expected to arrive Sunday night or Monday morning.

Savannah furnished nearly a full company to the Third regiment, and the men are ready and anxious to get into the field. There is no protest here against the regiment going to Santiago, and the belief is that the protest from Atlanta does not express the sentiment of the regiment as a whole.

DYING FROM STARVATION.

A Tale of Terrible Suffering on the Newfoundland Coast.

By Cable to the Morning Star

HALIFAX, N. S., August 5.—The schooner Cambridge arrived here to-day and brings a tale of terrible suffering on the New Foundland coast. The party was on a prospecting expedition, and included Dr. Morris, whose services were required at Lewis' Inlet night and day to give relief to persons sick and dying from starvation. Large quantities of provisions were distributed from the vessel. The same condition of affairs exists all along the coast. There are 1,600 persons similarly situated and immediate relief is necessary. The failure of the fisheries will tend to further increase the suffering.

SUPPLY OF COTTON.

The World's Visible, Reported by the New Orleans Exchange.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., Aug. 5.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton compares the figures of this week with last week, last year and in 1895, the latter the 9,901,000 crop year. It shows a decrease during the week just closed of 67,363 bales against a decrease of 116,490 last year.

The total visible is 1,985,929 against 2,053,292 last week, 1,270,097 last year. Of this the total of American cotton is 1,768,929 against 1,810,292 last week and 1,008,898 last year, and of all other kinds including Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 217,000 against 243,000 last week, 259,200 last year.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

LEADERS DISCUSS PEACE CONDITIONS.

Marshal Campos Says It Would Be Madness to Resist McKinley's Proposal.

NO DECISION WAS TAKEN.

Senor Silvela, Conservative Leader, Opposed Change of Policy—Castellar Urges Every Effort to Save Porto Rico.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, August 5.—The conference between the political leaders on the subject of the peace terms continues. Senor Silvela, the Conservative leader, acting on behalf of Senor Castellar, the Republican leader who was prevented by illness from being present, has conferred with the Premier, Senor Sagasta, on the subject. He said Senor Castellar, although an advocate of peace, was of the opinion that in negotiating its conclusion, the government "should remember the Virginius affair, when the energy displayed by Spain in dealing with the United States saved Spanish interests, and he thought every effort should be made to preserve Spanish sovereignty over Porto Rico." Senor Silvela added that he, personally, did not favor any change of policy.

The *Liberal*, moderate Republican, to-day publishes an interview with Marshal Martinez de Campos, who is quoted as saying: "I openly favor peace. Everything that has happened in this war could have been foreseen, but the most pessimistic could never have imagined that our misfortunes would be so great—the destruction of Montejo's and Cervera's squadrons, the surrender of Santiago, and the rapid and unresisted occupation of Porto Rico. No one could have imagined it, even taken into consideration the superiority of the United States. Neither the present government nor any other can change our situation. It would be madness to think of rejecting President McKinley's conditions. The Liberal party can bring about peace, but Sagasta should not be asked to sign it. Such a course would not be prudent, and another Liberal cabinet should be constructed."

Marshal Martinez de Campos, it is pointed out, evidently referred to Senor Gamazo as the man who should succeed Senor Sagasta as premier. Senor Gamazo is the present minister of public instruction. His name has been frequently mentioned recently in connection with the premiership in the event of the formation of a new cabinet.

6 P. M.—In the conference between Senor Sagasta and Senor Silvela the latter urged that it was imperative to summon the Cortes for the negotiations of a treaty of peace. Gen. Polavieja, who was present, declined subsequently to speak of the conference to representatives of the press on the ground that his duty as a soldier imposed secrecy upon him, but Gen. Azcarraga said that if Spain possessed any resources the war should be continued in order to secure more acceptable conditions; otherwise peace ought to be immediately concluded.

Gen. Chinchilla, captain general of Madrid, said: "We have a brave and well disciplined army and it is ready to go wherever it is sent."

Later, Senor Sagasta conferred with Senor Salmeron, the Republican leader, who told the premier, in the course of a long conference, that he blamed the government greatly for closing the Cortes and stifling the press. After the interview, he said he had assured Senor Sagasta that he would reserve his opinion on the general situation until the chamber was convoked, but that neither directly nor indirectly would he support the "existing oligarchy, which is the cause of all Spain's misfortunes."

This evening the premier will confer with General Weyler, Marshal Primo DeRivera, Senor Gamazo, minister of public instruction and public works, and Senor Romero Giron, minister of the colonies.

An official dispatch from Porto Rico says: "American cavalry assisted by the insurgents, have captured Fueneta and Cobejas, the light house station at San Juan."

10 P. M.—At the cabinet council this evening Senor Sagasta recounted to his colleagues what had been said in the conferences with various political leaders earlier in the day. No decision was taken.

WRECKED SPANISH SHIPS.

The Maria Teresa Floated and Found to Be in a Frirly Good Condition—Work On the Colon to Begin.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NORFOLK, VA., August 5.—The Merritt Wrecking Company have received advices from Santiago that the Infanta Maria Teresa is floated and is now found to be in fairly good condition as to her machinery and boilers. She will shortly start for Norfolk under own steam.

Another expedition on the wrecking steamer Chapman will be sent south next Monday, or Tuesday, carrying four immense pontoons especially intended for the raising of the Cristobal Colon.

FOR PORTO RICO.

Troops En Route from Chickamauga to Newport News.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEWPORT NEWS, VA., August 5.—The Fifth Illinois regiment, Colonel Culver commanding, arrived here to-day from Chickamauga Park to embark for Porto Rico. The regiment went into camp with other troops already here. Seventeen trains carrying troops are en route to this city from Chickamauga. It is not known when the troops will embark.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Record of Games Played Yesterday by the Clubs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Chicago—Chicago, 5; Baltimore, 6.
New York—New York, 9; Cincinnati, 5.
Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 3; Philadelphia, 0.
Washington—Washington, 2; Cleveland, 1.
St. Louis—St. Louis, 5; Brooklyn, 1.
Louisville—Louisville, 4; Boston, 2.

TO CLEANSE THE SYSTEM

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

GEN. MILES' ARMY IN PORTO RICO.

The American Forces Are Slowly Closing in on San Juan.

CAPTAIN GENERAL MACIAS.

The Spanish Commander Says He Can Drive Off the Americans—His Daughter Helping to Drill the Gunners.

[Copyrighted 1898 by the Associated Press.]

ON BOARD ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH BOAT OFF SAN JUAN DE PORTO RICO, Aug. 4, via St. Thomas, Aug. 5.—The Americans have taken peaceful possession of the eastern portion of the island. Small parties of marines have been landed, who have lighted lamps in the light houses at Cape San Juan and other light houses along the coast. They met with no resistance. Indeed, at Cape San Juan citizens came out to meet them.

The warships now in this vicinity are the Montgomery, the Annapolis, the Puritan and the Amphitrite. The two former are looking for the transports with troops, which left the United States and have scattered all about the island. The Annapolis rounded up the Whitney, the Florida, and the Raleigh yesterday and they are now at Cape San Juan. There seems to have been a serious mistake as to the rendezvous, for no two ships go to the same place and it will take several days to locate them and get them to Ponce, where Gen. Miles is waiting.

Off San Juan the cruiser New Orleans alone maintains the blockade. The city is grim and silent, but back of her yellow walls there will be plenty of determination and fight when the Americans open fire.

Captain General Macias has issued a proclamation in the course of which he says: "Spain has not sued for peace, and I can drive off the American boats now as I did Sampson's attempt before. The daughter of the captain general is helping to drill the gunners in the forts. Altogether there are 9,500 Spanish regulars in the city. The troops of the enemy, who are retreating from Ponce and the other towns of the south coast occupied by the Americans, have not yet arrived.

The German steamer Polynesia, with a cargo of rum, canned meats and tobacco, tried to run the blockade this morning but was stopped by the New Orleans.

Miles' Advance Forces.

PONCE, August 5.—Major General Miles is proceeding entirely without regard to peace negotiations. Krag-Jorgensens are being issued. The Second and Third Wisconsin are moving up to the Sixteenth Pennsylvania to-day. Col. Hulings has captured five thousand pounds of rice. Thus far the enemy has not molested him.

Major General Brooke's landing at Arroyo is successful. The troops from the Roumania, four batteries of the Twenty-seventh Indiana, the First Missouri, the First Pennsylvania and the Fifth Illinois, are disembarking there.

The Morgan troop of the Fifth cavalry and the Mississippi commissaries have arrived here. Lieut. Hunter, of the artillery, was slightly wounded by one of our pickets last night. Capt. Edgar Hubert, who died of typhoid fever, has been buried with military honors.

At Descalabrodo river, six miles beyond Juan Diaz, on the road to San Juan, the Sixteenth Pennsylvania, of Gen. Ernest's brigade, advanced to-day and holds the bridge over the river. The Second and Third Wisconsin are expected to-morrow. No sign of the enemy is reported, but it is believed that the Spaniards are about 400 strong between this point and Coamo.

REPORT CORROBORATED.

Unknown Ocean Steamer Collided With an Iceberg and Sunk.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Aug. 5.—The mail steamer Virginia Lake arrived at Tilt Cove on West Bay, 230 miles from here, at daylight, bringing certain corroboration of the reported loss of an ocean liner in the straits of Belle Isle. A fisherman at Noddy Bay reported that he saw a steamer collide with an iceberg and sink soon after. The report is generally believed, but nothing reliable is obtainable. The fisherman said that the steamer looked like a passenger ship and he could see the people trying to launch a boat before she sank.

BROKE HIS LEFT ARM.

Accident to Jim Jeffreys in His Fight With Bob Armstrong.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 5.—Jim Jeffreys, the much heralded heavy weight pugilist from California, was to have fought Bob Armstrong and Steve O'Donnel, for ten round seach before the Leno Athletic Club to-night, but he was only able to carry out half of his proposed task. He met Armstrong and defeated him, but in doing so he shattered his left arm and was unable to meet O'Donnell.

The Texas Democratic State Convention yesterday nominated Congressman Joseph Sayers for Governor by acclamation.

FOR RENT.

The Cantwell House, corner Sixth and Market streets. Nine rooms; modern improvements. Possession given October 1st. Apply to D. O'CONNOR.

jy 26 tf

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Photographs and Frames—Finest kind of Photographs. Beautiful new Frames to suit any Picture. Lovely Easels. Enlarging a specialty. Lowest prices in city. Satisfaction guaranteed. Ask for U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. au 2 tf

For Rent—The fine, large, commodious Store 113 South Front street, formerly occupied as 5 and 10c store. Large yard in rear. Possession given October 1st or sooner. Apply to A. D. Wessell. jy 31 tf

Country Produce of every kind at low prices. Watermelons on ice. Choicest Fruits. Bell 'Phone 388. P. H. Smith, 314 Campbell street jy 29 tf

Don't Think of buying Peaches until you have seen my stock—the very finest grown at Southern Pines. Also, N. C. Hams, Irish Potatoes, and other Country Produce. L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street. jy 20 tf

Fine Peaches and Apples. I have just received a lot of Fine Peaches and Apples, which must be sold to-day. Other Produce also on hand. Consignments of all Country Produce solicited. E. B. Moore, 125 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 27 1m

Fifty Bushels Cow Peas for sale. Apply to H. J. Bierman, 215 Market street. Bell 'Phone No. 38. jy 24 tf

Sell Your Cotton, Naval Stores and all kinds of Country Produce to me. Highest prices, quick sales and prompt returns. I also inspect tar and turpentine. H. B. Register, 105 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 26 tf

Music School Wanted—A young lady desires the music department in a High School or private family. No objection to going South. Three years successful teaching. Testimonials if required. Address, Miss W. T. N., care of Wilmington STAR. jy 21 tf

To Country Merchants and Farmers—Ship your beef cattle and mutton and all country produce to M. C. Benson, 106 Dock street. Best prices and prompt returns. jy 13 tf

Cow Peas for planting. Hay, Grain and all kinds of feed. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Both Phones No. 93. je 2 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

Always Reliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208 sep 21 tf

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1000 Rolls Bagging.
5000 Bundles Ties.
800 Barrels Flour.
600 Bushels Meal.
3000 Bushels Corn.
10 Boxes Smoked Shoulders
100 Boxes D. S. Sides.
50 Barrels C. M. Pork.

Also, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses and other goods.

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jy 17 tf

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3,000 lbs. Beeswax.

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Pres. A. Q. HOLLADAY,

je 28 tf — RALEIGH, N. C.

Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 27TH, 1898.

Leave Wilmington daily, except Sundays, 6.30 and 12.10 A. M.; 2.35, 5.00 and 7.15 P. M. Sunday, 10.10 A. M., 2.30 and 7.15 P. M.

Leave Ocean View daily, except Sundays, at 7.30 and 11.30 A. M.; 2.45, 6.00 and 10 P. M Sunday, 11.30 A. M., 6 and 9.30 P. M.

On Fridays there will be two late trains up, 10 and 11.30 P. M.

The Saturday Special, leaving Wilmington at 1 P. M., and the 11.30 P. M. train from Ocean View, will be discontinued.

Freight will be carried on the 10.10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains only, except vegetables and meats on the 6.30 A. M. No goods will be received unless accompanied by a way bill and freight prepaid.

GEO. R. FRENCH, President.
R. O. GRANT Superintendent. je 26 tf

This Cut

REPRESENTS ONE OF THE MANY STYLES OF THIS NOW

Famous Line of Fine Footwear at

$2.00, $2,50, and $3.00.

Also, Low Cut Shoes at Low Cut Prices.

Our Popular Watch Contest

is now on for 60 days.

Look in Our Window!

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,

au 4 tf — 115 Princess street.

Piano Prices.

Many People Pay Twice the Value of the Piano

When they buy because they are not posted as to prices, nor the quality of the goods.

You Can Buy a Lester Piano,

such as was recently used at the Y. M. C. A for $225 cash or $250 on instalments. We have other good PIANOS still much lower.

Our Famous "Sohmer" Piano

can be bought from $350 upwards.

Cabinet Organs

proportionately low as to prices and a large stock.

E. VAN LAER,

402 and 404 North Fourth Street.

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Barbadoes Molasses

Of Our Own Importation Now on Hand and

New Crop to Arrive.

WE CARRY ALL GRADES, STYLES AND PRICES.

The Worth Company.

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SEND US

Your Orders for

Flour, Coffee, Meal, Corn, Oats, Hay, MEAT, &c.

AND GET

BOTTOM PRICES.

D. McEACHERN,

Wholesale Grocer.

je 12 tf

MARY'S LITTLE LAMB

as well as the farmer's big, fat steer, sheep and poultry, is finding its way now into our market every day. We will cut, trim and prepare as tender, juicy and succulent a Steak, Chop or Roast as you have ever eaten, and guarantee that you will find our Lamb, Veal, Beef or Mutton as dainty and tempting a meal as you can find in hot weather.

I. B. RHODES.

jy 30 tf